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It is impossible to over-estimate the value of this gain to Atlanta. Before this change was made the freight on coal was one cent and a half a ton per mile. It is now three-fourths of one cent a mile per ton. The price of coal has been to private mers \$7.50 a ton. Mr. Wilson, the ading coal dealer of Atlanta, figures that he can now supply coal under the reduction at \$4.00 to \$4.50 a ton. It is even possible that there can be a still deeper reduction, but this is low enough. The consumption of coal in Atlanta last winter was over 75,000 tons. Next winter it will be, by the natural increase, 100,000 tons. A saving of \$3 a ton—a liberal average—will make the contract made at the Kimball house worth \$300,000 in clear saving to the people of Atlanta for the next season. The most careful estimates put the saving ih cash to each grate in the city at \$7 50 to \$10. A man with four grates—the average householder will find that he will save \$30 to \$40 a season in coal-if he keeps four grates in pretty constant use. We have thus seen added. in one day, to Atlanta another advantage of a great city—the benefit of cheap coal.

It is, however, in our manufacturing interests that we shall see the greatest growth. With coal at twelve cents a bushel, we shall hear no more of the advantages of any other city over Atlanta as a manufacturing point. Our manufacturers have been holding their own and growing in prosperity at eighteen and twenty cents a bushel for coal. At twelve cents a bushel, they get it as cheap as Cincinnati or Nashville, and about as cheap as Chattanooga. It is as cheap as our manufacturers have ever wanted, and as cheap as the most sanguine calculations on the Georgia Western road ever put it. There is no reason now why Atlanta should in one day, to Atlanta another advantage

des, at 75c ne the Georgia Western road ever put it. There is no reason now why Atlanta should not hold its proper place as the leading manufacturing city of the south.

It seems to be generally understood that this arrangement has done away with the building of the Georgia Western, but there is not the slightest authority that we can discover for such an assumption. The work of the survey is going on steadily and will go on to completion. Whether the building of the road will be commenced then, nobody knows, and the truth is nobody seems to care. elsewhere at atin and Gr II shades at IS om 25 and 40c gured Pique at

nobody knows, and the truth is nobody seems to care.

A prominent manufacturer, who has been a leading advocate of the Georgia Western, said: "Newcomb has given us by this contract cheap coal, and that is all I have ever wanted. Of course I should like to see a railroad built in any direction, if it could be done without trouble or expense to us; but when I see that we get by a special contract, that is guaranteed as permassed Kid Glove sold elsewhen nburg Edg ous; but when I see that we get by a special contract, that is guaranteed as permanent, coal just as cheaply as we could have hoped to have got it by the Georgia Western, I shail devote my time to my business and let railroad business alone. I have got all I want, and all that Atlanta needs."

This was an expression of the general feeling, and met with little or no dissent that we heard. It is certain that Atlanta might put all her energies to the building. ns, marked down Oc, big bargain the best bargain

might put all her energies to the building up of her manufacturing interest. Another important advantage gained by the conference, is that we shall have a steam elevator in Atlanta if the merchants only show that they want such a thing. The building of an elevator will give the city a benefit that cannot be readily under THE BUILDING OF AN ELEVATOR. old all over the stood. With an elevator at hand our mer chants can buy wheat, oats and corn in his elevator receipts borrow to within ten per cent of the money he had invested. Mr. Louis Gholstin, who has been the pioneer in the matter of an elevator in Atlanta, says that the building of one large enough to accommodate the trade of Atlanta would add 25 per cent to the grain trade of the city in the first year. elevator receipts borrow to within ter

SOUTHERN SANITATION.

Proposed Plans for Meeting the Coming Summer.
New York, April 9.—According to advices from the south, received by prominent physicians in this city, a medical con wention of some importance will he held in Savannah during the last week in April. Its purpose is understood to be to register the protest of the southern wing of the profession against bills pending in congress giving larger powers to the national board of health than it possesses at present. Un-

er the pending legislation, the president may proclaim any port of entry in the United States of entry in the United States to be a proper subject for action upon the simple report of the national board that a contagious disease is there prevalent in epidemic form. The objection is not to the exercise of large discretionary powers by the board in view of such epidemics as have recently decimated southern cities, but to such powers being exercised by the organization as at present constituted. It will be remembered, perhaps, that at the December meeting of the New York county medical society, Dr. Billings, of the national board of health, outlined a plan of organization and operations, embracing a national quarantine system, which commanded the assent of Dr. Vanderpoel and other experts, and was finally referred to a committee for con-Vanderpoel and other experts, and was finally referred to a committee for consideration and report. It appears that the committee never reported, but the reasons for such inaction have not been explained. committee never reported, but the reasons for such inaction have not been explained. In the meantime several bills for the reorganization of quarantine and the definition of the powers of the national board of health, known respectively as the Harris, Young, and Acklen bills, have been introduced in congress. These bills represent the comprehensive system of organization, such as was proposed and discussed early in the season, when the plan was to introduce a bill reorganizing the national board by prescribing its composition of delegates from the various state boards of health, the various boards established at ports of entry, and the boards of the larger and more important inland centres of population. An annual meeting was to be held for the purpose of electing members of an executive committee, the latter to hold monthly sessions. Of this committee, the surgeons-general of the army and navy were to be ex-officion members. This plan, with the possible addition of one delegate from each state medical society, was very generally approved by the profession, and it was believed that a bill embodying its main features would be introduced and passed at the present session. Such a bill is now in course of preparation, and will be presented later in the session, the prospect being, according to reliable advices, that the panding bills will be swamped by the widely-disseminated opposition of the medical profession in all sections.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 9—The hind trucks of the rear car of the train which left Bellair at 3:30 p.m. yesterday on the Bellair and Sonthwestern railroad, when eighteen miles from Bellair, jumped a treatle and the car went down fitteen feet. Five or six passengers were injured more or lass seriously. Among them are fs. M. Armour, of Pittsburg, hurt on back and internally; Wm Smith, of Woodsfield, leg broken and other serious injuries; Captain Armstrong and daughter, of Bellair, are slightly injured. Reports here are that young Danlord, postal clerk, was killed and three others badly injured. Jumped the Track.

IE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XII. ATLANTA, GA. SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1880.

BELVA'S CLIENT

RETURNS TO KELLOGG'S SERVICE

e Female Monstrocity Upon Which Republics ism Leans-The Action of the Ways and Means Committee-Georgia School Girls in Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 9.- Jessie Raymon developed her purpose in returning to Washington. She has denied all the affidavits she once made exonerating Senator Hill, and denouncing Mrs. Lockwood for bringing the suit, and has in open court expressed her wish to go on with the suit.

Mrs. Lockwood has been re-employed, and the case will proceed in earnest. It she will confine herself to the court-room Mr. Hill will not care, for when it comes to trial he will be thoroughy vindicated Fifty witnesses from Atlanta and as many from Albany, Ga., will testify to the woman's character, and to her attempt to lay "Tommie" at the door of a half dozen gentlemen before she thought of trying to make Mr. Hill father him.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

In the circuit court to-day Judge Cox relused the motion of Senator Hill's counsel to trike the case of Raymond vs. Hill from the docket, and held that, inasmuch as Miss Raymond had stated in open court that she authorized the institution of the suit, the case must be tried.

The committee on ways and means do not intend to let the country have the benefit of any revision of the tariff, but they will probably modify its collection by having the duties, assessed on the value of the goods in the home, instead of the foreign market. The New York board of commerce have urged this change through a committee here for the purpose.

Mosby, of Virginia, but now consul to China, will be home shortly to help work Virginia in the interest of Grant.

The supreme court of the United States has decided to adjourn for the term on May 10th. No argument will be heard after April 30th.

The sweet girls attending Miss Baldwin's school, at Staunton, Va., arrived here last night on an excursion to the capital, accompanied by their teachers. There are about eighty in the party, and are at the National. Miss A. Murphy, daughter of Mr. Anthony Murphy, of Atlanta, is among the number, as are also Misses C. Simmons, L. Willingham, C. Putnam and M. Linton, from Georgia. They are having a gay and pleasant visit.

On the motion by Mr. Townshend to sus-pend the rules and pass a bill to admit sair, type and the materials for making paper tree of duty the year were 113 to nays 80.
The vote fell a little short of the twothirds, necessary to suspend the rules, yet
it was gratifying evidence that if the comit was gratifying evidence that if the committee on ways and means will report the bill back to the house, that it will pass. It is the judgment of many that if salt had been omitted from the provisions of Mr. Townshend's bill two-thirds would have voted for it. As soon as the bill is submitted in such shape that a majority vote will pass it, that will be done, and the friends of the measure are working to have it presented in that form.

troversy will appear, with Sherman's sanc-tion, in a few days. It will consist mainly of extracts from editorials from the Chicago Fribune, written in the fall of 1877, taking extreme ground in favor of the repeat of the resumption act, and calling upon members to attach the repeat to the appropriation bill, and, if possible, to the bill containing the president's salary. Mr. Sherman is confident that this statement will fully sustain all he has said of Medill's talk with him here

The senate military committee have reported back for reference to the judiciary committee the joint resolution to return to Mrs. Rowini Guedella, now a resident of London, three valuable swords, formerly owned by General Twiggs, confiscated by General Butler at New Orleans, and turned General Butler at New Orleans, and turned into the treasury as legitimate objects of confiscation. One of them was presented to General Twiggs by congress for services in the Mexican war; the other two by the state of Georgia and city of Augusta. Mrs. Guedella (formerly Miss Florence) from whom they were taken, claims that they were presented to her by. General Twiggs. The general's daughter, Miss Twiggs, however, now claims them as her father's legatee. The military committee conclude that the judiciary is the proper committee to decide the question of title between the United States and the two ladies.

Mr. Bob Caldwell, of Atlanta, has been appointed, at the instance of Hon. N. J. Hammond, to a position in the folding room of the house.

Mr. Taylor, of Tennessee, in his speech in behalf of the survivors of the Mexican war, who ought long ago to have had a pension granted them by the government, alluded to the fact that four fifths of the men who fought from the Rio Grande to the city of Mexico have gone to their long homes, and that most of the officers have shared a similar fate. The farming lands of the territory acquired by their valor, he said, are now worth \$600,000,000, and the export trade—foreign and domestic—of Catifornia and Texas, to say nothing of Arizona and Texas, to say nothing of Arizona and New Mexico, amounts annually to one hundred millions each. In conclusion, he said: "If there is one spark of humanity in us, one throb of patriotic love and sympa thy in our hearts, one pulsation of pride in our country's glorious past, we cannot afford to let this bill die again on the calendar—cannot resist the appeals of these old veterans Then, in the name of justice and humanity, let us pension them, and thus discharge our most sacred duty while we smooth their rugged pathway to the grave."

discharge our most sacred duty while we smooth their rugged pathway to the grave."

The democratic senators this morning held another caucus meeting on the order of business. The caucus, after an hour's discussion, adjourned until to-morrow without taking any action, but the general sentiment to day, as at yesterday's meeting, was evidently in favor of giving precedence to the Geneva award bill and such appropriation bills as may be ready for action after it shall have been disposed of, thus leaving the Spofford Kellogg case to take its chances of obtaining consideration in the senate this session or to go over to the next session, just as the condition of the public business may hereafter seem to render advisable. Messrs. Jones of Louisiana. Hill of Georgia. Saulsbury, Vance and Vest took the ground to-day that the Spofford Kellogg case could not properly be postponed. They were opposed to any evasion of the issue, and wanted the democratic party to have and show courage in its convictions. They insisted that it was plain that Kellogg had no right to the seat, and the majority should not hesitate to seat Judge Spofford. Mr. Garland spoke in favor of going on with more important public business, as the Kellogg case was not a pressing matter, and it should await the action of the senate on the pending appropriation bills and other necessary general legislation.

Senator Thurman also insisted that the Spofford-Kellogg case ought to be laid aside for the present.

Mr. Jonas said the democrats of Louisiana

Spofford-Kellogg case ought to be laid aside for the present.

Mr. Jonas said the democrats of Louisiana had been misrepresented in the senate long enough, and they demanded their full rights. He added that he would not answer for Louisiana's remaining a democratic state any longer if the democrats of the senate passed this matter over and left Kellogg in his seat; and while senators were considering the possibility of losing votes by taking up the case, they had better look at the other side of the question and consider the imminent danger of losing a state if they refused to do Louisiana democrats justice.

Senators Hill, Saulsbury and Vance, of the elections committee, replied that the investigation of this case was ordered with the understanding

"DO TAKE CARE."

that it should be disposed of as soon as all the facts could be learned, and they therefore thought it would not be treating the committee rightly to postpone the matter. They also argued that the investigation of the matter having been entrusted to the committee, and the labor having been faithfully performed, the majority of the senate ought to stand by the committee's conclusions. Senator Bayard and some others thereupon remarked that their understanding was that the committee were to inquire whether or not the case was res adjudicata, and the question whether Mr. Kellogg's title was open to dispute was therefore to be determined by the senate at its convenience and upon its own judgment. Although as above stated a majority of those present at the caucus to-day were evidently in favor of giving other business precedence over this case, the minority, who insist upon its prompt consideration, are so urgent that it is still very possible they may carry their point.

The house committee on public buildings will report favorably on bills appropriating money for the erection of public buildings as follows: At Augusta, Ga., \$100,000; Key West, Fla., \$125,000; Tyler, Tex., \$50,000; Greenville, S. C., \$50,000.

During yesterday and to-day the house war claims committee reported adversely upon 110 claims, amounting to \$5,000,000.

The president to-day sent to the senate the nomination of John W. Barr, of Louisville, to be United States judge for the district of Kentucky, and A. G. Pearce to be restricted at Greenville Michael States at Greenville The senate in executive session to day confirmed the nomination of James B. Angell, of Michigan, as minister of the United States to China, and John F. Swift, of California, and William H. Trescot, of South Carolina, as commissioners to negotiate in conjunction with the minister a treaty covering such matters of interest to the two governments, now pending as may be con-

governments, now pending, as may be con-fided to them. George K. Kinnis has been appointed store-keeper and gauger for the fifth district of Tennessee.

In Congress.

THE SENATE. WASHINGTON, April 9 .- On motion of Mr. lameron, of Pennsylvania, it was resolved

that when the senate adjourns to-day, it be to meet on Monday next. Mr. Logan submitted a resolution direct-ing the secretary of war to furnish the senate with any facts that may be in his pos ate with any facts that may be in his possession in reference to the recent mutilation of one of the cadets at West Point.

Messrs, Eaton and Maxey thought the resolution premature. An official investigation of the outrage was known to be in progress and the senate would be able to get an official report when it should be

made. In accordance with suggestions by Messrs. Conkling and Hoar, Mr. Logan modified the resolution so as to request the president of the United States to transmit such in-formation in regard to the affair as in his judgment would not be incompatible with the public interest.

Messrs. Voorhees and Bruce supported the resolution, and commented in severe terms upon the brutal and inhuman treatent to which cadets are often subjected in

ment to which cadets are often subjected in the West Point academy.

Messrs. Maxey and Burnside defended that institution against the charges made by the first named senator and 'hought it best to await the result of the official inves-tigations now being made of the alleged outrage upon Whittaker before taking any such action as the resolution proposed. After some further remarks by Mr. Hoar and others, the resolution went over with-Mr. Butler, of South Carolina, presented

a memorial of the Charleston chamber of commerce, indorsing the recommendation of the New York chamber of commerce, that consular reports be published weekly and monthly for distribution among the

before adjournment Monday.

The senate then went into executive session, and when the doors were reopened, adjourned until Monday.

THE HOUSE. Fifty or seventy-five bills were reported diversely from the committee on war claims and laid on the table.

Mr. Newberry, of Michigan, introduced a bill prohibiting the transportation of cods in bond or duty paid or products or manufactures of the United States from one port therein to another. from one port therein to another, through any foreign countries bordering on the Gulf of Mexico or the Caribbean sa, except as the same is permitted by the treaties of the United States with such forright countries.

The house then went into a committee of

The house then went into a committee of the whole on the private calendar. The pending bill was that for the relief of Madison Day, of Louisiana, on account of property bought by him from the United States with defective title. After debate of two and a half hours, the vote was taken, which resulted 72 to 22—not a quorum. The committee then rose. mittee then rose.

Mr. Blount, of Georgia, introduced a bill for the erection of a public building at Macon, Ga. Referred. Adjourned until to-morrow.

GERMANY'S MASTER, Whose Will is Her Only Law. LONDON, April 9 .- Regarding Prince Bis marck's resignation, the Berlin correspondent of the Times says: Emperor William has replied to the request of Prince Bismarck precisely as was expected and with promptess, which precludes the idea of much reflection. On Tuesday afternoon the prince's petition was presented, and an answer was returned on the following day. Prince Bismarck kept his own counsel up to the last moment, and even took pains to conceal his intentions from his own family until the public should become aware of the event. On Saturday the meeting and vote of the federal council had taken place, while on Sunday and Monday the chancellor sent for and seriously remonstrated with certain high imperial officials who had ventured to act much too independently in the matter. By Tuesday his mind was made up and drawing up his petition to the emperor he dispatched it by his trusted secretary in the foreign office. Semi-official communications complain of a very lax attendance of the small states in the federal council and of the evils resulting from the system of voting by proxies. But these are surely more apparent than real. The main thing in the eyes of the chancellor is the danger that Prusia, Bavaria and Saxony will be outvoted by all the petty states combined, and the necessity of devising some means of obviating this contingency must exercise his highness' ingenuity. Meanwhile, until the prince comes forward with some definite scheme it would be idle to speculate on the various ways in which this might be done. petition was presented, and an answer

Augusta to Cincinnati.

AUGUSTA, GA., April 9—A meeting of the citizens was held to-day to make ar-rangements for the reception of the excur-sionists from Cincinnati next week, and adepted resolutions declaring that, "We sionists from Cincinnati next week, and adopted resolutions declaring that, "We welcome with genuine pleasure and unmixed satisfaction the coming of Cincinnati's delegation, hoping that the occasion of their visit will enable us as a people to encourage and cultivate business relations and friendly relations existing between Cincinnati and Augusta, thereby hastening the day in which these two great sections, the west and south, of the country shall understand the fullness of the identity of interest by which they must be bound in the future." Committees were appointed to make the necessary arrangements,

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week water the measurement of the first terminal transfer and the first terminal t

GENERAL GORDON TO MR. STEPHENS The Supervisor Question Still Agitating Our Pub-lio Men-Senator Gordon's Position Sus-tained by Senators Morgan and Harris and General Walker.

WASHINGTON, April 5 .- Editors Chronicl and Constitutionalist, Augusta, Ga.: In response to inquiries from friends in different sections of the state, I wish to say, through your columns, that it is not my purpose to be a party to any controversy with Mr. Stephens.

His explanation and defense of his cor

duct in the appointment of Mr. Simmon and Mr. McWhorter, I have no interest in controverting. Having nothing myself to explain, I have not deemed any statement from me necessary. My silence, however, must not be construed into an acquiescence in the correctness of his references to my actions. These references, so far as they purport to be positive statements of fact, are entirely erroneous, and so far as they are designed to be inferences, are unfounded and unjust. . Desiring to waive any dispute with Mr.

Stephens, as to any matter resting in his or

my memory alone, I will illustrate by citing hose only upon which the recollections of other persons can be invoked. In his letter of the 27th ult., published in the Chronicle of Tuesday, Mr. Stephens first mentions my name in connection with the occurrences in the room of the senate committee on census, during the debate over Mr. Simmons. I refer to this with pain, and would not do so at all, but for the fact that the following letter from Senator Morgan, of Alabama, who was the subcommittee at whose invitation we were both present, and the indorsement of Senator Harris, of Tennessee, may serve to correct Mr. Stephens's recollection of what occurred between us if his own room, as well as in the room of the committee on ensus. I have not asked the northern gen tlemen who were members of that commit tee for a statement of facts, because I did not wish to involve them in a purely local ontroversy.

The following are the first references i Mr. Stephens's letter to myself:

Mr. Stephens's letter to myself:
2. It is utterly untrue that I was in any way
"complicated" in General Walker's office with a
"recommendation of Dr. Casey" and "indorsement of Judge McWhorter."
3. It is utterly untrue that General Gordon
stated to me in the senate census committee that
I was so "complicated," and when I denied it
that he said: "Beware, the record is close at
hand," Nothing of the sort occurred at that
meeting. meeting.

4. It is utterly untrue that General Gordon called upon me at any time with his carriage at the door and asked me to go with him to General Walker's office, that we might secure Dr. Casey's

I submit, in this connection, the follow ng letter from Senators Morgan and Har

ris:

Washington, April 5, 1880—Hon, John B. Gordon—Dear Sir: In reply to your note of this date, I give you my recollectin of what was said by you and Hon. Alexander H. Stephens in reference to Dr. Casey and Mr. McWh rter on the occasion to which you refer. You stated that you had had a conversation with General Walker, superintendent of census, and went immediately to Mr. Stephens's room and informed him of your conversation with General Walker: that you requested Mr. Stephens to go with you to General Walker, and unite with you in asking for Dr. Casey's appointment; that Mr. Stephens decilied to go with you, and gave as his reason that he had recommended other persons, of whom Mr. McWhorter was one. Thereupon Mr. Stephens denied that he had recommended Mr. McWhorter. You said: "Take care, Mr. Stephens rejoined that he had indersed Mr. McWhorter. but had not

and monthly for distribution among the leading commercial bodies of the United States. Referred.

At the expiration of the morning hour the senate resumed the consideration of the Ute Indian agreement bill.

Mr. Vest supported the bill as a practical step in the right direction.

Mr. Morgan repeated in substance his former argument against it.

Speeches were also made by Messrs. Teller, Plumb and others.

An amendment of Mr. Dawes authorizing the president to use \$10,000 of the amount appropriated in the bill for the education of Indian youth was adopted, as was also an amendment by Mr. Morgan that the act should not be construed so as to compel any Ute Indian to remove from the lands claimed by him in severally. After some further discussion, it was agreed that the bill should go over for to-day and be finally voted on before adjournment Monday.

The septement of the Construer sea.

You said: "Take care, Mr. Stephens, the records are close at hand." Mr. Newhorter, but had not recommended him, and that he had so stated to you, "Mr. Stephens futther or could say to General Walker that he pade into you," Mr. Stephens had said to you, but that it was unavailing and Mr. McWhorter was appointed. Very truly yours, lindorsement of the foregoing by Senator Harris.]

My recollection of what passed upon the occasion referred to above corresponds with that expressed by General Morgan, with this addition: General Gordon stated that when he called at the room of Mr. Stephens that Mr. Stephens that the believed that the bill should go with him to see General Walker, and each of them join in an earnest appeal, that Dr. Casey would be appointed. Mr. Stephens said that the did not remember that general Gordon had expressed such an opinion, but that he had asked General Gordon to say to General Walker that Dr. Casey was his first choice. Respectfully, Isham G. Harris. [Indorsement of the foregoing by Senator Harris.]

My recollection of what passed upon the occase is in referred to above corresponds with that expressed by General Morgan, with this addition. General Gordon stated that when he called at the room of Mr. Stephens that Mr. Stephens invited him into a private room, and that when in the room "e said to Mr. Stephens that he believed that if he would go with him to see General Walker, and each of them join in an earnest appeal, that Dr. Casey would be appointed. Mr. Stephens said that he did not remember that General Gordon had expressed such an opinion, but that he had asked General Gordon to say to General Walker that Dr. Casey was his first choice. Respectfully, ISHAM G. HARRIS.

In the same letter, published in the Chronicle of Tuesday, Mr. Stephens refers to me in this language:

When General Gordon agreed with General Walker that it was a fair and just distribution of these appointments to give two of them to the democrats and three to the republicans, and this agreement had been acted upon by the appointment of the two democrats—Clifton in the third and Harris in the fifth—this, of course, settled the matter of the political character of the su-ervisors of the first, second and fourth districts. They must, according to the agreement he republicans. The remarks that General Gordon made in the senate census committee about having Simmons rejected with a view of getting Mr. Griffin, a democrat, or my friend, Colonel Mark W. Johnson, appointed, I looked upon as entirely illusory. According to the agreement and understanding between General Gordon and General Walker, two only of the districts were to be filled by democrats.

The following letter from General Walker.

democrats.
The following letter from General Walke The following letter from General Walker will show that this positive assertion of Mr. Stephens of an "agreement and understanding between General Gordon and General Walker"has no foundation whatever in fact, and furnishes another instance of those strange aberrations of intellect into which Mr. Stephens is too often betrayed by the intensity of his prejudices, Here is General Walker's letter:

eral Walker's letter:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. Census Office. Washington, D. C., April 2, 1880.—Dear General Gordon: Your note of yesterday is received. In reply I would say that at no time was there any agreement between us, as to the manner in which the five supervisors to be appointed in Georgia should be divided as to polisical affiliations, nor was the matter ever the subject of conference between us. I simply announced to you, as a thing determined upon, that of the five three would be republicans and two democrats. You remarked that you would have preferred that the proportions should be reversed; that is, that there should be three democrats and two republicans, but that it was a matter for the executive to decide.

cide.

This was upon the occasion when you called to urge the appointment of Dr. Casey, of the second district. Very respectfully,

Francis A. Walker,
Superintendent of Census.
Hon. John B. Gordon, United States Senate.

From this assumption of an agreem which had no existence, Mr. Steph seems to draw the inference that I brought about the defeat of Dr. Casey and the ap-pointment of Mr. McWhorter. He also seems to think that I called upon him in pointment of Mr. McWhorter. He also seems to think that I called upon him in the interest of Dr. Casey, not of my own accord, but because General Walker sent me to him. He says that I told him that "General Walker is about to appoint the supervisors of census for Georgia, and asked me to come up here and see you and know whom you wish for the second district." I confront both these assumptions with the following letter from General Walker, which shows, first, that I pressed the appointment of Dr. Casey, and that I neither "commended" nor "indorsed" Mr. Mc-Whorter; and, secondly, that I did not call upon Mr. Stephens at the instance of General Walker:

Washington, March 14, 1880.—Dear General Gordon: In response to your letter of the 13th instant, I take pleasure in saying that no one at the capital urged Dr. Casey's appointment more actively or zealously than yoursel; that you urged his appointment, alone, in the second census district, confining your recommendation to him exclusively, so far as my knowledge or belief extends; and lastly, that I did not, so far as I recollect, at any time ask you to ascertain Mr. Stephens's, wishes respecting the appointment of supervisor in that district, or request you to confer with Mr. Stephens for that or any other pu. pose.

I may add, beyond the scope of your inquiry that, from first to last of our conversations respecting the appointment of Dr. Casey—more than that of any other gentleman in any district only other gentleman in any district only other person.

It had, however, at an early date been determined to appoint a repubblican in that district, mind to appoint a repubblican in that district, on appoint a repubblican in that district, and however, at an early date been determined to appoint a repubblican in that district.

person.

It had, however, at an early date been determined to appoint a republican in that district and I so informed you. Very truly yours, and I so falormed you. Francis A. Walker.

The Walkers.

New York, April 9—The following the score of the leading contestants in the walking match at 3 p. m.: Hart, 469 mile

With the exception of Dobler all the pedestrians seem to be in pretty good form. No bets are being made against Hart as the winner. He is now nine miles ahead of the best score on record. The odds against Dobler are 25 to 1, and against Pegram 4 to 1. The betting is even on 550 miles being covered. At 9 p.m. the score stood: Hart 484, Krohne 430, Pegram 466, Williams 426, Howard 451, Allen 432, Dobler 456, Hanwaker 373.

ALL AROUND US.

Spring Place, Washington, Ceda FORT VALLEY, April 8.—The municipal election took place here yesterday, resulting as follows: Mayor—F. C. Hanser; aldermen—W. E. Brown, T. L. Murray, W. B. Mathews and A. D. Skellie ——Dr. G. L. D. Rice died at his residence, near Marshallville, on the night of the 6th instant, and was buried to-day.

CEDARTOWN, April 8.—Mr. J. Hall Browning, treasurer of the Cherokee iron and railroad company, is expected here to-morrow.—One of the needs of our growing town is a banking house.—We will soon have either a telegraph or a telephone line from Cartersville —We are having a cold rain to-day.—The farmers say that our wheat crop will be a failure.

ELBERTON, April 8.—A snow storm from the northeast is prevailing here. Much uneasiness is felt for the wheat and fruit crop. A large part of the wheat is heading out; a frost now would ruin it.—The county court is in session to-day trying criminal cases. George Morrison, colored, is on trial for carrying concealed weapons. T. J. Brownlee is in arrest for the same offense and also under a peace warrant. All of the cases grew out of the same transaction.

WASHINGTON, April 9—An old negro man was killed out at Mr. A. Callaway's plantation the other day by a loaded wagon turning over on him.—Judge Pottle has ordered the sheriff to remove the four persons connected with the Turner killing from the jail here on account of the jail being unsafe and unwholesome. Coswell and Walker were taken to Atlanta yesterday, and Blackburn and Nicholls were carried to Augusta for safe keeping. The idea seems to be prevalent that one of the dea seems to be prevalent that one of the number will turn state's evidence.

EUFAULA, ALA., April 9.-The Rev. Mal comb McKay, Presbyterian minister of Griffin, Ga., was married to Miss Minnie-McDowell, of this city, this morning at 10 o'clock, and left immediately for Griffin ---An amateur operatic club, comprising an array of Eufaula's local talent have been an array of Eufaula's local talent have been preparing an operetta called "Pauline, or the Belle of Saratoga," for the purpose of raising money to build a new Episcopal church in this place. The amateurs were to perform to-night, but the inclement weather caused them to postpone until to-morrow (Friday) night. It promises to be a good thing—Crops are more backward a good thing.—Crops are more backward in this county then usual, though the farm-ers speak of having very good stands of corn; not much cotton up yet.

Canton, April 7—An old and esteemed citizen of our county, John McCanless, made an almost miraculous escape from drowning a short time ago. Undertaking to pull a boat across the Etowah river, near Canton, the current carried off the boat and left Uncle Johnnie hanging to the rope over water fifteen feet deep. This old man, asthmatic, and in his 83d year, turned his face to the nearer bank, advancing along asthmatic, and in his 83d year, turned his face to the nearer bank, advancing along the rope with his hands until he was seized with a fit of coughing. By a desperate effort he sprang up and got the rope under his arm. There he hung exhausted, his head leaning on the rope. Now, he had gotten over water about four feet deep Miss Nancy Harper waded in and dragged him out, else he had died. Uncle Johnnie good dreasuring the service of the s could not swim.

AMERICUS, April 8 -One of the most interesting events which has occurred in Americus society for sometime past was the marriage of Mr. Charles F. Fricker to Miss Bettie Smith, which took place yesteray evening at the residence of V. Bass, whose wife is a sister of the bride. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Theodore Reed, of the Episcopal church, in the presence of a number of the immediate friends and relations of the bride and groom The wedding supper was elegant and delicious and all present enjoyed an evendelicious and all present enjoyed an evening of unalloyed pleasure. The bridal
couple were the recipients of quite a number of beautiful and appropriate
wedding presents. They start out
upon their wedded career under
the most favorable auspices, accompanied
by the best wishes of many friends, who
trust that they may ever realize their fonde-t hopes and enjoy a future of unclouded
prosserity and happiness. prosperity and happiness.

Spring Place, April 8.—An election was held on yesterday in this place between the "wet" and "dry" tickets, in which the "dry ticket" prevailed by about a two-third vote.—On the evening of the 3d inst., the residence of Captain Patrick, of this place was entirely destroyed by fire. He had just about finished a new front to his old residence, making an ell out of the old one. The brick mason had just completed a chimney to the new front when Mrs. Patrick sent her little daughter in another room for some fire to test the new chimney, when it is supposed she accidentally let fall a coal among the shavings. The fire spread so rapidly that nothing could be done in the way of saving the house, but most of the furniture, etc., were snatched from the flame of destruction. No other house was injured by the fire.—On the night of the same day a severe cyclone passed over a portion of this county, passing in four miles north of this place, killing a Mrs. Buff and a clifted of Mr. James Wilson, and seriously injuring a number of others. The recovery of several is very doubtful. Some twenty-five or thirty dwellings, besides about the same number of barns, were blown entirely down. Trees and fences were thrown everywhere. Many things of the different families have SPRING PLACE, April 8 .- An election was number of barns, were blown entirely down. Trees and fences were thrown everywhere. Many things of the different families have been carried beyond the hearing of them. It is useless for the tongue to try to tell of the destruction as the eye hath seen it.—Farmers are busily engaged about their crops. Wheat is looking finely.—We anticipate the pleasure of soon reading another paper published at this place. May it prosper, and may the ashes of the Gazette rest in peace.

st in peace.

The Allegheny Road. RICHNOND, April 9.—The board of directors of the Richmond and Allegheny railroad to day elected Francis O. French, of New York, president, vice G. M. Bartholomew, resigned. The conveyance of the rights, property and francises and of the Clifton Forge railway was completed and the mortages securing the issue of bonds of the mortgage securing the issue of bonds of the Richmond and Allegheny railroad company was placed on record.

A Big Ship Load, BAUTIMORE, April 8.—The steamship Braunschweig, from Bremen to-day, brought 1,322 emigrants, the largest num-ber ever landed here from one steamer.

REAL ESTATE NOTES. PROPERTY on the suburbs sells well.

WEST END is brightening up with the spring. THE various architects of Atlanta are quite Work on the custom-house seems to be sus-ended. TEN elegant new residences are planned for Peachtree street.

BEAL ESTATE is nearly 20 per cent higher than it was this time last year.

DR. POWELL has nearly finished a handsome bri-k residence on Pryor street.

THE old Am-rican hotel will be torn down in a few days to make room for Governor Brown's new block.

The huge building of Moore & Marsh, at the corner of Line and Pryor streets, will be finished in the summer. a the summer.

THERE is talk of building a new cotton factory in Atlanta soon. One gentleman will subscribe in Atlanta soon. One gentleman will subscribe \$100,000, it is said. MESSES. M. C. & J. P. KISER are going to build Messes. M. C. & J. P. KISER are going to build THE contract for the library building has been awarded to B. H. Broomhead. The building will be first-class in all respects.

PREFARATIONS are being made for the building of an elecant brick block at the orner of Broad

A SAD STORY

CAUSED BY A BRUTAL HUSBAND.

THE DATES GOVERNMENT SOME TRANSPORT OF THE

Woman of High Family Marries An Obscur Wretch, and is Driven by Ris Brutality to Commit Suicide—Indiana Furnish— es a Reverend Scapegoat.

NEW YORK, April 9,-Dr. Miller, of the Metropolitan hotel, reported at the coro-ner's office the death from an overdose of opium of Mrs. Deutsche, whom he had attended at No. 234 West Eleventh street. The history of the lady's life and death is remarkable. Some six weeks ago a stranger, who said his name was Newhall, called on Dr. Miller at his office, and asked if he would undertake to cure a confirmed onium eater of the habit. The patient, he explained, was a lady friend of his in whom he took a great interest, though no tie of relationship bound them together. After the doctor had been treating her for some time and had taken her successfully beyond the first and worst stage of the journey toward physical and moral regeneration, she confided to the doctor as a friend her sad nistory, in which he found hidden the motive of her vice.

It immediately appeared that the name f Newhali was a false one, and that the atient's professed friend was her husband and Deutsche was his name.

Mrs. Deutsche's maiden name was Var Suren, and she was a descendant of President Van Buren's family. Her father was once well known as Peter Van Buren, of this city. Born to social distinction, she estranged her family by her willful marriage in 1876 to Deutsche, whom she described as man of wealth, but most eccentric man ners and habits. Together they traveled abroad, but wherever they staved he always nsisted upon his wife retaining her maider name. This introduction of her as Mrs. Deutsche to Dr. Miller was the first nstance of his deviating from His love for her professed in the beginning soon cooled, and he neglected her. Mrs. Deutsche had to provide her own support. The climax was reached when he, unknown to her, procured divorce papers and exhibited them to his wife. She succeeded in obtainining possession of there, and left them in the hands of Judge Van derpool, with the intention of contesting a lawful decree. In these unfortunate proeedings she acquired the fatal habit of drinking laudanum. She exhibited to the loctor letters from her brother, General T B. Van Buren, consul-general to Japan, One that was written to Deutsche handled that gentleman without gloves. The writer accused him of wrecking his sister's life and happiness, and declared that nothing but her importunities had moved him to refrain from calling him (Deutsche) to account for his action in a manner more count for his action in a manner more satisfactory to him than written recriminations. He demanded that he hereafter treat his wife as a man should or take the consequences of his (the writer's) righteous wrath. Mrs. Deutsche was progressing favorably toward recovery until Monday morning, when she rose slipped out unobserved and obtained a drug bottle containing more than an ounce of laudanum, and drank it. When the doctor arrived at the house last night she was dead. He found that Deutsche, t'he husband, had left. Where he went to is not known. One of Mrs.

Deutsche's brothers is Judge van Buren, of Chicago. Another is a well-known lawyer of that name in this city. About Wm. Deutsche, alias Newhall, Dr. Miller knows othing, except that he did not pay his bill. FORT WAYNE, IND , April 9 -Fort Wayne is at last reveling in the luxury of a clerical scandal, which promises to dismember a congregation in this city, disrupt one or two heretofore happy families, and to use a slang phrase, play the deuce generally. The Third street Methodist Episcopal church is the one affected. Last Sabbath time chosen to throw the bomb-shell into the ranks of its congregation. The pastor, Rev. J. M. Woolpert, was absent from the city. At the evening services one of the brethren, one William Jackson, mounted the pulpit and stated that he had some mateader, and is said to have applied for a li cense to preach, which was denied him.

Jackson proceeded to unfold a roll of manuscript, and read his charges. He asserted that the pastor had been guilty of criminal intimacy with several of the sisters, calling them by name. He also charged the trus-tees with misappropriating the funds of the church, especially naming Robert Shaf-fer, one of the trustees. This action by Jackson caused intense excitement, and he was frequently interrupted, but he kept on reading until he finished his manuscript. Yesterday Shaffer produced a warrant for Jackson's arrest under the provoke law, but the constables are unable to find him and it is believed that when he found out that he had produced such a disturbance, he took counsel of his discretion and hied him to other fields. The pastor is absent at conference, but when he returns will probably demand an investigation, and the whole scandal will be stirred up to

he went to is not known. One of Mrs. Deutsche's brothers is Judge Van Buren, of

the depths. Leesburg, Va., April 9.—A negro murderer, Samuel Robinson, was hanged here this morning. After eating a hearty breakfast, he was brought from jail about 6 o'clock and conducted to the scaffold. He ascended the steps of the scaffold and was placed upon the trap. Sheriff Caruthers adjusted the rope and a colored minister read a chapter of the scriptures. Rev. Mr. Cannon then offered prayer. During prayer the prisoner knelt with his head upon the rail of the scaffold. The sheriff asked Robinson if he had anything to say. He answered: "No confession to make." The sheriff sprang the trap and Robinson's neck was immediately broken.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

New Orleans, April 9.—A Times' Dallas
Texas, special says that David Barton, a
prominent colored politician, shot and
fatally wounded his wife and then shot
and killed himself. Jealousy was the cause
of the deed of the deed.

NEW YORK, April 9 -Chas. Brockway, New York, April 9—Chas. Brockway, a notorious forger, whose criminal operations have extended to Washington, Baltimore and Chicago, was arraigned in the court of general sessions to-day upon four indictments. The evidence against him not being sufficient to secure his conviction, he was discharged, but was immediately rearrested and will be taken to Chicago, where he is said to have victimized the bank of the Republic, the Second national bank and Fisk & Hatch, of this city, to the extent of \$300,000.

Special dispatch to The Constitution. CHARLESTON, April 9.—The first execution this state under the new law against ar in this state under the new law against arson took place at Bennettsville to-day.
Amos Wooten, a negro, was hanged about
noon for burning and robbing Breeder's
mills in Marlboro county. The execution
was private, taking place within the jail,
and thus disappointing the vast crowd who
had assembled to witness it. Wooten died
from strangulation, the fall failing to break
his neck. He protested his innocence to
the last. He is said to have been the man
who fired the town of Laurenburg, N. C in
1875, to revenge himself for being cudgelled
by the town marshal and his posse. He was
a native of Newbers.

· WHITTLED WHITTAKER

Presents a Rather Incoherent Tale. WEST POINT, April 9.—Calling on General Schofield to obtain his version of the affair, the correspondent was received with true soldierly politeness and the facts the case given with frank unreserve After corroborating the story as given he aid that as far as he knew Whittaker had not an enemy among the cadets.

"80 you think no cadets had a hand in the matter?"

"80 far there is no indication of any such fact," replied the general. "Every cadet

in the corps has been examined to-day, and they each deny any knowledge of the af-fair."
"What do you think could be his mo-"He was admitted to the academy four

"Will there be a further examination in

his case?"
"I am not at liberty to state at present."
"Should there be, and it is discovered that
this was his own doing, what will be the re-

"His dismissal in disgrace, of course."

"His dismissal in disgrace, of course."

"By the way, could not Whittaker have given an alarm if what he states is true?"

"Most certainly; one cadet occupies a room adjoining his and two opposite."

"Is there any other colored cadet in the academy?"

"No; I should have mentioned that Whittaker showed a note of warning against an attack of this kind."

In closing the interview General Scho-

an attack of this kind."

In closing the interview General Schofield said he could not give permission owing to the lateness of the hour to see Whittaker, but he did not think any additional facts of interest cull be gleaned from him, as he would adhere to the story already given.

William Mitchell a colored man, who waits on the officers tells a story which

William Mitchell, a colored man, who waits on the officers, tells a story which throws some additional light on the matter. He says that Whittaker has been in the habit of frequently visiting his (Mitchell's) father-in-law. On last Sunday night, while there on a visit, Whittaker showed him a note. He says he remembers the reading of the note, and that it was as follows:

"Mr. Whittaker—Look out to night they are going to play a trick on you; keep

"Mr. Whittaker—Look out to night they are going to play a trick on you; keep awake." (Signed) "A Friend." Whittaker explained to him that this was the second note he had received of this kind. He advised him to pay no attention to it.
"Well, what do you think now," the correspondent asked Mitchell, "about his

"I think, as there were cadets rooming "I think, as there were cadets rooming near him," answered Mitchell, "and an officer under him, and as he had a gun in his room, that if he was visited by persons in masks and allowed them to beat him and tie him up, he hasn't a particle of pluck, and is a disgrace to the colored race."

General Schofield has appointed as a board of inquiry in the Whittaker case, Major Mordecai, Captain Raymond and Lieutenant Knight. Lieutenant Sears will be recorder.

order.
The examination began to day. Whittaker himself was the first witness, and is taker nimself was the first witness, and is now teling his story. It thus far agrees with his first statement.

Washington, April 9.—The adjutant-general has received the following dispatch from General Schofield: "All the cadets disclaim any knowledge whatever of the attack on the cadet, Whittaker. A thorough examination has shown that he reough examination has shown that he reough examination has shown that he re-ceived no injuries except slight cuts, from which he bled somewhat freely. A court of inquiry has been appointed to ascertain the whole trouble, if possible."

The military committee has appointed as a sub committee Messrs. Sparks, Johnson and Brown to inquire into the outrage upon Cadet Whittaker at West Point.

GEORGIA CROP ITEMS.

RUST affecting the wheat in Rockdale county.

CHOLERA among the poultry in Schley county. A PAIR fruit eron is counted on in Re WHEAT and out crops look promising in Occupation THE cut worm in the young corn in Lowndes Wheat and oat crops injured by rust in Talbot county.

A VERY fair peach crop is counted on in White

THE fruit has not been materially injured in THE Fruit has not been materially injured in Dawson.

A LARGE amount of corn is being shipped to Dawson.

The wheat and oat prospect in Gwinnett county is good. Around Dalton there is promise of a prolific yield of fruit. THE oat crop of Irwin county is being much in ured by rust. THE wheat crop of Dooly county will be much niured by rust. njured by rust. Schley county is doing better than at any time

THE oat crop from Americus to Albany, not very promising.

CONYERS has sold nearly one thousand tons of guana this sages on ruano this season.

Forsyth county will plant more cotton than the did last year. ROCKMART has sold three hundred tons of guano this season. COTTON fields and corn patches are all the go in southern Georgia.

Mr. Cassello, of Thomas county, plows up his THE oat and wheat crops of Lee county are being affected by the rust. Ckors of all kinds in Hart county will be far in excess of previous years.

JOHN GREEN'S corn in Randolph county, is knee high and healthy.

An abundant grain yield is anticipated about Lumpken, Stewart county.

CATERPILLARS on the farm of Mr. Mize, west of Americus, Sumter county.

QUITE a number of blooded stock are being brought to Walton county. THE hogs in Americus are having the cholera, nd many are dying from it. THE damage to wheat by rust down about Wadey will be about 40 per cent. THERE never was a better prospect for a fruit rop in Elbert than at present. No rust on the wheat and oat fields of Mr. McMullin, of Monroe county. Corn is looking well in Marion county, and c st on planting going on favorably. CHEROKEE county is promised a large fruit rop. Wheat and oats are good. Dawson county will use twenty per cent mo OATS and other crops are looking well in Jaspe county. Truck farms are promising.

JAMES LOVELACE, of Harris county, has wheathree feet high. It is about heading. THE indications for a good fruit crop aboumpkin, Stewart county, are favorable.

A SCHLEY county farmer will exhibit a bard finew flour in Americus the 70th of April. WHEAT prospect in Putnam county, not ver romising—oats in some sections look well. THE farmers about Shiloh, Harris county, are clanting but little corn; will run on cotton. In Richmond county, the prospect of the wheat crop is more favorable, in fact it is very fine. CORN is looking fine in Appling county, and cane and potatoes are doing unusually well. CEORS look well in Coffee county. Corn six inches high and has received its first plowing. THE wheat grop prospect is a g sod about Chestatee, and the signs are favorable for other crops.

Mr. Callaway, of Camilla, thinks the oat crop will be materially injured by rust in that locality.

About Hinesville, some of the oat fields have been powed under, and corn planted on the land. FARMERS about Milford, in Cobb county, he planted corn and a large crop of cotton will planted.

planted.

SHEEF KILLING dogs troublesome about New ton, Gordon county. Farmers after them with shotzuns.

Conn is up and looking well in Stewart county wheat a failure. Cotton land being prepared in good style.

Mone hores and mules have been purchase this season in Harris county, than in any seaso for five years,

Conn up in Douisberty county, and many have Conv up in Dougherty county, and many haplowed it over the first time. More cotton placed than usual.

Dr. T. J. Sims.

WHEAT and oat erop not promising
Arlington. Farmers lost most of their m
warm weather.

D. A. PETTIS, of Lee county, manufactu.
own home raised tobacco, said to be equal peach crop more favorable than first supposed.
The scarcity of corn in the Burnam (Lowndes county) settlement is becoming almost alarming

county) settlement is becoming almost alarming and many small farmers are out of money and credit.

A COLORED man in Meriwether county, near the line of Pike, runs eight plows, makes over one hundred bales of cotton, besides provisions to anpport the farm.

MR. J. PARMER, of Jefferson county, with two mules last season made 35 bales of cotton, 250 bushels of corn, 5 barrels of cane syrup, 5 large banks of pot stocs. Some patches were cropped outside of this.

RUEFUL ROCKWOOD

DECLINES TO SUPPORT THE "JUKE"

WASHINGTON, April 9.-Politics are be-

And Says He Will Stand Off With Arms Akim Tilden Will Support the Homines—Ruling Out Three Men—The Attempt to Work Upa Seymour Boom.

oming badly mixed. A few weeks ago the spublicans were declaring Grant would be NO. 25 t. ainated on the first ballot, but the tide is changing, and Grant stock is on the decline. His nomination would cause such a split in the republican party that he would stand no chance of election. The "He was admitted to the academy four years ago next June. A year ago last January he was found deficient, and is now in the second cla-s. He inst roomed with Flipper, the colored cadet, who graduated, and the latter, who is much brighter, helped Whittaker. It is stated, a good deal in his studies. He has run behind since. As the next examination is next month, and with but little hope of his passing, he might, could he have brought it about, have been ordered to the hospital, and thus excused and obtained another year of grace."

"What has been his demeanor and treatment by the cadets?"

"He has always behaved himself in a quiet, modest way, and the cadets have always treated him with uniform kindness."

The Grant men already see the result of their conduct, and they anti-third termers in New York, it is estisult of their conduct, and they are drawing off. When the convention meets you will discover that Grant's name will not be proposed. Grant, if nominated, can't carry New York, Ohio or Massachusetts, and without these states we can't

> "You have no idea then that General Grant can carry any of the southern states?"

elect a republican."

talk of any republican carying any southern state. The best posted members of our party know that all such talk was gotten up to strengthen the Grant movement. Men who first became identified with the Grant movement purely as a compliment to Grant, became alarmed at their own action, and are very far from desiring him nominated."

In reply to my question whom he thought the republicans would nominate, Mr. Hoan replied that he did not know and did not care, so that he was a strong man, who care, so that he was a strong man, who could poll every vote in his party; that Sherman had the best men in the party backing him, and it was very probable that he would receive the nomination.

One significant fact in confirmation of the above short interview is to be found in the breaking up of the Grant headquarters in this city. At one time they were in full blast, but now the rooms are closed and vacated, and the men that hang about the hotels talking Grant and third term are now hedging. now hedging.

The latest rumor about Tilden's attitude

The latest rumor about Tilden's attitude toward the democratic nomination is brought here by a gentleman from New York, who reports that the Grammercy park oracle declares that whoever is nominated by the democrats shall have his vote, but there are four men, neither of whom, if nominated, will be elected by the help of any of his money. The names of three of these men are Bayard, Thurman and Hendricks.

A reporter of the Sun called on Mr. Tilden and inquired whether Mr. Springer was correct in his belief that Mr. Finley had no authority to represent Mr. Tilden in respect to the Donnelly election case, or to make any communication in behalf of Mr. Tilden—Mr. Springer was perfectly right. Mr. Finley had no pretense of authority to represent me in that matter or in anything else. I have in no way whatever, directly or indirectly, interfered with any election case before the committee. I have never expressed any wish to any human being concerning the Donnelly election case. I am not and have not been in communication with Mr. Finley. Mr. Springer knew perfectly well Bonnelly election case. I am not and have not been in communication with Mr. Finley. Mr. Springer knew perfectly well that if I had any communication to make to him on that or any other subject, I would have done so directly, as I have had plenty of opportunities to do. I have several times recently had the pleasure of seeing Mr. Springer, but on no occasion did I say a word about any election case pending before the house of representation.

In connection with the effort to get up a Seymour boom it is stated by a prominent democrat who visited him at his home in Utica last week, that Seymour said that under no circumstances could or would be be a candidate for the presidency. While seemingly in good health, his heart gives him much trouble and is the cause of great uneasiness to himself and family. He cannot bear excitement of any kind; even earnest conversation affects him seriously. He said he regretted to know that his country thought him not altogether sincere in this declaration, because in 1868 he had said he would not accept, and yet had taken the nomination. He was, however, in earnest when he made that statement, but suffered his own feelings and best judgment to be overruled. He had always felt that he had made a great mistake in not adhering to his purpose, but such a mistake will not be repeated. Besides, his inability to bear excitement now is much greater than it was then. In connection with the effort to get up a

Mr. Justice Field's friends in this city have received dispatches from Portland, Or-egon, stating that the democratic delegation to Cincinnati from that state stands five to one in Justice Field's favor. The platform adopted by the state convention is also acceptable to his friends.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

San Francisco, April 8—A dispatch from Portland says: The Oregon state democratic convention nominated five district judges and attorneys. The platform advocates economy in public affairs, uniform taxation, equal protection to capital and labor, regulation by legislative acts of the rates of common carriers, the maintainance of public schools, free elections, without interference by the military; condemns the keeping alive of the bitterness of the late war; censures President Hayes for vetoing the Chinese bill; declares the recent decisions of the supreme court in relation to the election laws as in favor of the republican party: pledges support to all laws favoring untrammeled suffrage, and, opposition to a protective tariff, and denonnees the third term movement.

San Francisco, April 9.—A dispatch from Portland, Oregon, stays that the Oregon democratic state convention yesterday nominated Congressman Whittaker for reelection. Six delegates to Cincinnat were chosen, and though not positively instructed, are for Tilden. A resolution indorsing Tilden and Hendricks was adopted by a vote of 6 to 1. Special dispatch to The Constitution. rote of 6 to 1.

LOUISVILLE, April 9.—In the republican ward elections, held yesterday, to select delegates to the state convention to be held Wednesday, Grant carried the city, eight out of twelve wards having instructions to vote for him. Two wards were instructed for Sherman.

THE fruit prospect in eastern Mississippi is good. FRANKLIN, Tennessee, boasts of a four legg RICHMOND, Virginia, is about to invest \$400,000 m water works.

Brandon, Mississippi, has organized a boys' Christian association.

Christian a sociation.

THERE will be a flower fair at Tallahassee, Fla., the 8th and 9th of April.

CAPTAIN REID, of Palatka, Florida, raised a lemon which weighed 1½ pounds.

THE east Tennassee. THE east Tennessee peach crop was not male tally injured by the late cold snaps. For the first time since 1833 sugar cane has ta seled in Louisiana, which indicates an enormou yield. Tampa, Florida.

A. A. Spega, of South Apopka, Florid fifteen acre field of roasting ears, and acres of corn just tasseling.

The people of Lexington, Kenfucky, a ed up about gas. The council of that produced the sale of the city'u gas stock.

THERE are 123 negro men in Lexi-nicky, who are disqualified from vo on of having served terms in the pe

Asheville female college.

Silas Bacogri, of Bell county, Texas, chased a flock of 200 sheep two years ago, no second of them. He has sold \$3,400 word well, and his now 1,400 head of sheep, natural licerase of the sheep.

The Constitution.

the organ and vehicle of the and current interest. THE CONSTITUTION cot tins more and later telegraphic news than an other Georgia paper, and this particular featur will be largely added to during the coming year e largely anded to during the latest news from rts of the country will be enlarged and suj-ented. The Construction is both chron-ind commentator. Its editorial opinions, is ibutions to the drift of current discussion its humorous and satirical paragraphs, are copied from one end of the country to the other. It aims always to be the brightest and the best—newsy, original and piquant. It aims particularly t give the news impartially and fully, and to kee its readers informed of the drift of current discussion by liberal but concise quotations from all it contemporaries. It aims, in short, to more than quaint fun to the collection of good things, and . In every respect THE CONSTITU

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION is a carfully edited compendium of the news of the week and contains the best and freshest matter to be found in any other weekly from a daily office. Its news and miscellaneous contents are the freshest and its market reports the latest.

THE SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR.

This, the best, the most reliable and most popular of southern agricultural journals is issued from the printing establishment of The Consti-fution. It is still edited by Mr. W. L. Jones, and is devoted to the best interests of the farmers of the south. It is sent at reduced rates with the Weekivedition of THE CONSTITUTION.

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THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Ga. Entered as second class matter at the Atlanta post-office. December 11, 1879.

ATLANTA, GA., APRIL 9, 1880. It would seem that the genial Cronir still holds the fort in Oregon.

THE necessity for harmony among Georgia democrats is too great to quarrel A SMALL addition is made to the Grant

boom by the election of delegates from Louisville favorable to his interests. THE democratic dark horses are grow

ing impatient. They can be heard pawing the ground in the distance. THE re-election of Parnell to parlia-

mant is either a defeat of his opponent or of the New York Herald, we forget party, no one ever dreamed that the inwhich.

WE print elsewhere General Gordon's reply to the letter of Mr. Stephens, which was published in THE CONSTITUTION a short time ago.

THE general impression is that the result of the caucusing of the democratic discussions in which they will figure as senators will be to take up the Geneva abused martyrs. No democrat has ever award bill and leave the Kellogg case to take the chances of being brought up who hope to get office by dividing the later in the session or carried over to the

THE Cincinnati Enquirer announces well-meaning, but deluded, democrats that its favorite candidate for the presi- with the odorous remains of republicandency will be the nominee of the demo- ism-no democrat has ever deceived cratic convention. We desire to add, in this connection, that the convention will would return to their party allegiance also nominate the favorite candidate of But we are firmly convinced that, by THE CONSTITUTION. This is the feeling giving greater scope to the discussion of that animates all southern democrats.

THE delegates to Cincinnati from Oregon are uninstructed, but it is understood that they are for your Uncle Samuel Tilden. The convention which selected them adopted, by a vote of six to one, a resolution indorsing Tilden and Hendricks. This will probably call forth a protest from Mr. Hendricks, who does not desire his name associated with the second place on any ticket, past, present

WE are informed by the authorities of the Air-Line railroad that the mails were promptly ordered by the department to be sent south by other lines, the orders going into effect Sunday. Our criticism of the department in an editorial paragraph yesterday was therefore unjust. and the delays which were the basis of the complaint have their origin elsewhere. Colonel Foreacre says the department and its agents are doing everything in their power to prevent delays.

THE alleged mutilation of Whittaker. the colored cadet, has already attracted the attention of leading republican statesmen, and a prompt effort will be made to give it a political twist. In the senate yesterday the gifted Logan offered resolutions inquiring into the matter. The first information that would reach the senate under such an inquiry would be the fact that the unfortunate negro inflicted slight wounds upon himself in order to escape the disgrace of a failure to pass the approaching examination. This is the testimony of the surgeon who examined him, and of General Schofield. who has already looked into the matter. The attempt to make political capital out of the matter merely shows how stren- been the policy of THE CONSTITUTION to uously the republicans propose to attack the south through the democratic party.

mon sense of honest and conscientious Ir would seem that the Grant boom. especially in the neighborhood of Washing imposing or patriotic in a position ington, where the politicians are quick to which, in its last analysis, means opposition to democracy. We shall witness catch the drift of things, is succumbing to the earnest, not to say desperate, onsome exceedingly earnest efforts on the part of the independent leaders to preslaught of Sherman and Blaine, Mr. George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts, who cipitate a renewal of the bitter discus is a stalwart of the stalwarts, so far as sion between democrats which has characterized recent campaigns. It is a dis hatred of the people of the south is concerned, informed the correspondent of cussion in which these leaders will figure as martyrs and by which they alone will THE CONSTITUTION that if Grant should be nominated the better element of the profit. If the democrats refuse to renew republican party in Massachusetts the useless war of words, we firmly bewould allow the democrats to carry the lieve that independentism will not outlast the approaching campaign. Its sole state. The tone of Mr. Hoar's remarks strength lies in the revival of a bitter is sufficiently exasperating to cause a quarrel among the democrats, and to weakening among the smaller politicians, prevent this is the true democratic polbut the question is, will the Grant managers allow themselves to be influenced by so plain an attempt at bulldozing? We are of the opinion that these men have long ago calculated on the opposition of such politicians as Hoar. The result of paign in Georgia-unprecedentedly brilliant in all respects-had produced only

even if he has to gallop to catch up with orable in our annals. In one half-hour's Our respected contemporary, the New York Times, is in full possession of a sanguine correspondent stationed in Atlanta, and through this medium it endeavors to make its readers somewhat intimate work of that campaign we saw our city raised to full stature and independence, and supplied with the only thing that she has needed, namely, cheap coal. After striving for this boon unavailingly for years—after exhausting argument, persuasion and money in the effort to

it all will be the nomination of Grant, and Mr. Hoar will join the procession

ith the ins and outs of Georgia politics. He is a vigilant correspondent, and, in order to magnify his office and the imspected contemporary upon the ragged coal boom needs no stiffening. It will carry itself, and grow of its own strength.

The first thing we shall hear from it will be the building of factories and the on be the building of factories and the ecently he has represented the demo- scream of steam whistles. We firmly cratic party of the state in a condition next door to demoralization on account lanta new and permanent growth than of the fiery strength and purpose of the any one thing that has been done

daring leaders of what, with more courte-sy than exactness, is called independent. ism. This situation is so obviously the coal assured, product of the correspondent's inflamed of the elements that go to make up a magination that our esteemed contem- great city. With all her natural advanporary, the Augusta Chronicle, deems tages, managed by so enterprising and necessary to expose, with some sagacious a people as her citizens, she sness, what it cannot fail to achieve in the future a strenuoi "assuma- much more rapid growth than she has terms the

of the correspondent. We ever known. It must be remembered say delicately, because it must be apparent to all who have studied the Georgian dialect to any purpose that the exploit of the correspondent might be described in stronger language. It is fortunate for the representative of our New York contemporary that he is petted with the jiblets of a poetic mind, and he should mend his ways lest he become the victim of a rancorous provinciality that has neither inclination nor opportunity to search the books for language calculated to condemn without offending.

The truth is, the point of our Augusta contemporary is well-taken and neatly made. While the Georgia correspondent of the Times can plead the nature of his engagement, and a natural desire to between Atlanta and one hundred thougive importance to his information, and while there can be no reasonable objection to the coddling and cajolement which the editor of the Times and its readers are receiving at his hands, it is nevertheless proper to say that any anticipation based upon statements made by the correspondent in regard to democratic demoralization will be inevitably disappointed. To be sure, the correspondent may have sources of information superior to our own, but this is by no means probable. As far as our observation extends, the democratic party of Georgia is in excellent trim, and those who make up the rank and file

were never more thoroughly impressed with the necessity of unity and harmony, and if the correspondent of the Times has not sought new pastures when the campaign opens, he will be astonished not only at the latitude which will be allowed in the discussion of questions of party policy, but at the unanimity which will pervade the organization. The people-the voters-will nominate candidates to suit them, and these candidates

will be chosen to represent them. It is to be borne in mind that when the executive committee adopted the resolutions drawn by Colonel John H. Martin, inviting the co-operation of those who, for various reasons, personal and politi-

MR. BEECHER is really of more importance cal, have opposed the nominees of the than he seems to be. He announces that when his liver is out of order the kingdom dependent leaders would accept the inviof heaven is out of order, too. Did M tation. These leaders have their own per-Beecher ever try blue mass? sonal ends to subserve. They want of-LITTLE Mr. Wattzizname, from Brooklyn fice, and they believe that the best hasn't danced a jig in the house in several way to secure it is to secure the co-operweeks. ation of the republicans and divide the democracy by precipitating irritating

with the idea that t

party and obtaining a majority by patch-

ing out the votes of a few honest and

himself with the idea that these men

reasonable concessions to the demands

cians, the backbone of independentism

may be broken. For there will be no

who have no personal ends to serve,

is the direct result of that in-

tolerance of discussion which

grew out of the antagonism between the

nterests of society and the aggressions of

adicalism. It was an intolerance in

which THE CONSTITUTION and every other

organ of public opinion indulged, and it

was inseperable from the disturbed con-

dition in which our politics had been left

by the threatening policy of reconstruc-

rule. Such intolerance of opinion was

inevitable, and it is perhaps fortunate

that no attempt was made to avoid it.

But we believe the time has come when

the widest differences of opinion among

democrats as to matters of party policy

may not only be tolerated, but invited, in

order that the final decision of the ma-

jority may be such as to receive the

cheerful support of the minority, and in

order that the harmony of the party may

The fact of the matter is, that inde-

pendentism has never (since republican-

ism was borne stinking off the stage

been weaker in Georgia than at this mo-

ment, and it can only be strengthened by

perpetuate antagonisms between demo-

avoid. It may safely be left to the com-

democrats to discover that there is noth-

Atlanta's Last Need Supplied.

If Mr. Victor Newcomb's late cam

one of the many results that will follow

it, it would have been set down as mem-

work of that campaign we saw our city

a discussion calculated to arouse and

crats. Such a discussion it has

be more complete.

MR. SPRINGER pulled Ignatius Donnelly from an upper berth, and Ignatius appears to be an uncommon business-like pas-

Mr. SAM RANDALL'S refusal to recognize Weaver, the Iowa greenbacker, for several and means committee with protectionists.

Mr. Randall's success as a politician will doubtless be greater hereafter than his success as a democratic office holder.

to die had it not been for the arrival of the white men. This is considered a heinous offense among the Indians, except in the case of twins, and the killing of a male papoose was what caused this punishment to be inflicted on the squaw.

Mr. HENDRICKS still refuses the second place on the democratic ticket. It strikes us that if the democracy were to be more measures of party policy and making earnest in its insistance, so to speak, the refusal of Mr. Hendricks would absorb a good of those who distrust the mere politideal more of the public attention.

IN GENERAL.

excuse for it-absolutely no reason for its existence. The truth is, whatever re--Maryland has a new law exempting the spectability independentism derives from the support of those who are sincerely democratic in their convictions, and

near Tonto Basin, Arizona, consists of four yokes of wild Arizona bulls. -General J. E. B. Stuart's widow has been elected principal of the Virginia fe-male institute at Staunton. -The Hon, E. B. Washburne turned to Chicago from the Hot Springs without waiting for General Grant.

-The woes of Europe are ceaseless: doctors have cut off Bismarck's beer and Gambetta has been warned to stop smok--A Louisvillian made a resolve to name tion and the demoralization of carpet-bag

a dog after the first policeman that he saw in his neighborhood. The dog is now six-teen months old and nameless.

-A vessel is loading at San Francisco with one hundred thousand gallons of wine for the German market. It is the first large shipment of the kind ever made thither. -Captain Collier, of the schooler Guide, harpooned a devil fish in Tampa bay, Fla., one morning last week. The monster es-caped after towing the schooner five miles

-Lieutenant Bove, the explorer, wants to go to the other extreme and investigate the south pole. He hopes to get King Hum-bert's co-operation for an Italian expedi-

more, says that the letter purporting to some from him, addressed to the Culpeper Va) Times, and declaring his willingness o accept the democratic nomination for he presidency in case Speaker Randall can not get it, is a forgery.

not get it, is a forgery.

—Whenever a tax collector visits the house of Julia Still, who lives in Orange county, New York, she bolts the door and refuses to respond to the calls. She has had no fire in her house for the last eight years, buying food that is already cooked. She is a woman of education and likes to read.

-Lord Ramsay's expenses at the Liver-pool election, which he tailed to win, were £13,000. The duke of America is more fortunate in such ventures, for the friends of his grace have so arranged it that all the election expenses, if not a few more, come from the voters themselves.

-Senator David Davis, who has been called a rich man, is by his friends called "land poor." Since he first went to Illinois his surplus earnings have been invested in land. He lives very simply in Washington, occupying two plain rooms in the National hote!

hotel.

—Senator Don Cameron has given \$250 to the Washington and Lee university, Virginia, and the Staunton Virginian takes occasion to commend the warm interest manifested by Mr. Cameron in Virginia affairs and the condition of the south generally, as expressed to General Lilley, of the university.

—Miss Adelaide Neilson has gone to the White Sulphur Springs, Va. for a week's

—Miss Adelaide Neilson has gone to the White Sulphur Springs, Va, for a week's rest. She had played one hundred and three nights consecutively. She says that the season with her is by no means ended. After a week in this city she will go to New York for a month at Booth's theater, and thence to San Francisco. She will sail for England next August.

-A company has been organized under the laws of New York, to be known as "The the laws of New York, to be known as "The Mexican Telegraph Company." having for its object the establishment of telegraphic communication with Mexico, Central and South America, and ultimately with New Zealand, Australia. China and Japan. The project was laid before M. de Lesseps when he was in that city, and by him was warmly indorsed.

indorsed.

--Margaret Began, an old woman who died to Kingston, New York, recently, was worth a great deal of money—enough to have kept her comfortable for a hundred

gain it-it comes to us so easily and Il in the United State

divide large tracts into larms analysis a series of years, not exceeding ten, for their terms of payment.

—M. V. Tracy and his brother returned to their home near Ora Valley, Nebraska, on Wednesday night from a hunt. By way of a joke on their father, they fired off their guns and burst in the front door. Their father, who had one thousand dollars in the house, supposed robbers were breaking in, and, asking who was there and receiving no reply, fired at them, wounding his son, M. V. Tracy, who died shortly aftewards. believe that it will do more to give At-

with lacks

Atlanta

too, that cheap coal carries relief and

comfort into every home in the city.

There is hardly a home that will not feel

years, and with the outlay of thousands,

has been given, as if by magic, on the

instant and without the cost of a dollar.

Every citizen of Atlanta should now

rally all his energies, and we should go

with all our strength into the advance-

ment of the material interests of the city

and realize promptly and fully on the

advantages offered by the reduction in

the price of coal. Nothing stands now

The refusal of John Swinton to antagenize

our institutions by running for president

on the greenback ticket will turn hundreds

and thousands of fearless minds in the di-

Last Friday eight men were hanged. At

this rate, what will become of the boasted

By applying the combinations of the fif

teen puzzle to a fatigued country, John

Sherman hopes to sweep the Chicago con

Grant had been a Georgia man, the res

sand inhabitants.

rection of empire.

republican majority?

still survives.

vention into his hip pocket.

would have been different.

awaiting orders from Philadelphia.

posed to the rude gaze of congress.

sushion have definitely retired from pol-

aftewards.

—General Mahone, as chairman, has called a convention of the readjusters of Virginia, to meet at Richmond July 10.

This will be after both the republican and met, and the Norfolk Virginian charges that it "is nothing more or less than the sale of his element to the republican party, pro-viding he can secure his price, viz: the dis-tribution of the federal patronage in Virthe effects of this reduction—hardly a ginia." -San Francisco has two baby elephants

housekeeper whose expenses it will not —San Francisco has two baby elephants, but they are 'sea elephants' from the Antarctic regions. They look much like the quadruped elephant because of their mammoth size and bottle-shaped noses. The length of a full-grown sea elephant, which is the largest representative of the seal family, is twenty-five feet, while the circumference of the body is fifteen feet. The San Francisco papers say that they are intended for one of the large menageries in the east. lighten. In short, all that Atlanta had hoped to do do in the work of

-An awful plot to blow up Calvary Pres byterian church, in San Francisco, was frustrated one day last week. A man was caught in the act of rolling a grain sack under the church building. In the sac-were found rolls of what everybody con-cluded were dynamite cartridges, and for a lew hours the excitement was intense. I rned out that the cartridges, which wer gun cartridges, had been stolen from a neighboring gun store, and that the thief, fearing detection, had thrust them under

the church.

—The marriage of the Princess Fredrica of Hanover, to a mere baron is so far from ng to the taste of her brother, the duke of Cumberland, that he persists in a refusat to give his consent; though for a royal elaiment rather out-at-elbows the over tenacious of the Hanoverian dignity.
The Berlin newspapers express the conviction that he has no right to interfere with his sister's betrothal, and that he will lose all popularity by that uncalled for intervention. The princess and her husband will have an income of about \$15 000 year will have an income of about \$15,000 a yearenough to keep the pot boiling.

It is a severe tax upon one's native cre —As sad a story as ever feigned in verse comes from Cannes, of the death there of an English officer, Colonel Pickard, of condulity to believe that W. Almon Wheeler gestion of the lungs, on the day appointed for his wedding to Miss McNeile, whose father, Sir John McNeile, had died only three months before. The very wreaths BURLINGTON, in the republican state of Iowa, went almost solidly for Grant. This is the result of a free and untrammeled which were to have been used at the wed newspaper press printed on white satin. If ding became funeral garlands to be thrown on the coffin, and the bridal veil and dress were lying ready to be put on by the now widowed bride. Death was caused by the rupture of a blood-vessel on the lungs, and the poor young bride sat up three hope-less days and nights watching the life slow-THE duke of America has been feeling around among the jetties. He is probably

CONGER should attach a weather strip to -A Mrs. Enright, owning a house on Filbert street, in Philadelphia, on the line of the elevated road building by the Pennsylhis jaw, so that when he opens his mouth to speak his inflamed stomach won't be exvania railroad company, maintains possesion of her property in spite of notice give Your Uncle Peter Cooper and his airto vacate. The contractors for tearing the house down commenced on Monday and took off the roof and third story, while Mrs. Enright and her family occupied the lower stories. She seemed to enjoy the sit uation, and every now and then would sing a verse of "Hold the Fort," to the sing a verse of front the row, the samusement of the crowd attracted to the scene. She is dissatisfied with the action of the railroad company, who have delayed the settlement in consequence of a defect in her title to the house.

-Some wood-choppers working near Se cret canyon, Nevada, being attracted the other day by screams and groans in a gulch close by the trail on which they were g-ing to work, came to where a squaw was found securely tied to a tree. Upon a closer examination they found a dead pae strapped to her back. Upon untying ropes that bound her the squaw explained that the Indians charged her with Weaver, the Iowa greenbacker, for several weeks, is pretty much of a piece with a policy that prompted him to pack the ways

-The cotton-spinning industry, one of the great industries of the world, is continnally increasing, especially in this country. The total number of spindles on the globe is, according to the latest returns, 71,250,000, of which Britian has 39,500,000. Switzerland has, contrary to general opinion, more spindles, proportionately to its population, than any other continental state, ranking in Europe immediately after England. The in Europe immediately after England. The United States have 10,050,000 spindles; Fiance has 5,00,000; Germany 4,800,000; Russia, 2,860,000; Switz erland, 1,870,000; Austria, 1,800,000, Spain, 1,775,000; Italy, 900,000; Belgium, 800,000; India, 1,275,000; Sweden and Norway, 310,000; Holland, 230,000; Greece 36,000. way, 310,000; Holland, 230,000; Greece 36,000; and other countries, (including Denmark and Portugal.) 44,000 spindles. Britain has, to every 1,000 of its inhabitants, 1,180 spindles; Switzerland, 675; United States, 218; France, 135; Germany, 108; Spain, 103; Holland, 57; Sweden and Norway, 48; Austria, 42; Russia, 30; Italy, 29. Fall River is by large odds the greatest cottonspinning center in the republic. It now has 1.364,191 spindles and 32,621 looms uses 162,475 bales of cotton annually, and uses 162,475 bales of cotton annually, and manufactures every year about 400,000,000 yards of cloth. All of its 50 mills are now very prosperous, and producing each week 150,000 pieces of printing-cloths, not to speak of sheetings, silesias, white fine goods, 'fancy cottons, etc. Their operatives number near 16,000, and the weekly payroll reaches some \$400,000. The corporations have suffered much from dull times, dishonest trassurers and other causes: but dishonest treasurers, and other causes; but they have come bravely out of their troubles, and their future looks radiant.

An Impartial View.

Philadelphia Times.

In view of the publicity that has been given to the charces against Mr. Springer in the matter of the Minnesota contested election case, it is only fair to say as conspicuously as possible that there is ems no evidence whatever to support them. To all except those who are in the heat of the war of words the three words between Mr. Springer and Mr. Manning, it is apparent that the misund-risanding between all except those who are in the heat of the war of wo ds between Mr. Springer and Mr. Manning, it is apparent that the misunderstanding between them involves no duplicity ou the part of either, but that both acted from conscientious motives. As to the bribery story, it is ridiculously improb-able that a serious attempt to bribe a member of congress should have been made in such a way; a contrary theory involves supidity on the part of the friends of Mr. Wachburn and a lower esti-mate of Mr. Springer's common sense to say. a contra'y theory involves stupinity on the part of the friends of Mr. Wa-bburn and a lower estimate of Mr. 'pringer's common sense, to say nothing of his honest, than anybody who knows this shrew! and experienced Illinois congressman could entertain for a moment. The matter deserves no more attention either from congress or the public, but both Springer and Manning are to be congratulated upon the manly but courteous way in which they discussed so delicate a matter on the floor. Some men would have made a disgraceful scene of it.

What the People Expected.

What the People Expected.

Albany News.

What the people of Georgia desired and expected from the railroad commission was not so much a reduction in the rate of freight as a prevention of the unjust discriminations which the roads had been practising in favor of one section over another. There was no great complaint against the rate of transportation, and we are of the opinion that the old rate would be perfectly satisfactory to the people everywhere, provided it was so regulated as to act justly on all points and prevent unfair dis-riminations. The tariff adopted by the commission is declared by all experts to be too low for the roads to run at any profit. If such is the case, the commission should certainly increase it, taking care that it be regulated so as to do equal justice to all sections and prevent the discriminations so much complained of.

What He Can't Afford.

What He Can't Afford.

Brooklyn Eagle.

In view of the opposition which is being de veloped in the south against Mr. Tilden's candidacy, a good many democrats will reach the conclusion that the time has now come when Mr. Tilden can rightfully make his views touching the next presid acy known to his party and to the country. Mr. Tilden is no. likely to do anything of the sort. He has said from the beginning that the relation he is to hold to his party in the immediate future is to be determined by the party itself, through its representatives. If they think he is not an available candidate, he will acquiesce in their judgment, for it would profit him nothing to antagonize it. He does no want to be nominated if he cannot be elected No man in this country can afford less than he can to accept a nomination, if it is regarded as a empty honor.

Griffin News, For one we are oposed to placing nanimous in the state to have declined the lifterality of attaints annway. It looks a little small in a great state like Georgia to allow one of its chief cities to donate the amount they proffered, to aid in building the capitol. Atlants is a great city and she has p id well for her greatness, and that is the natural place for the capitol of the state and so regarded by all unprejudiced persons. ap which Tammany has set. inkles in the presidential first is not has been powerfully hea. Hancock holds a high hand, a play it in Pennsylvania, a

A Healthy Probability.

emocratic Humor. Elmira Free Press. The republican newspapers are having much annusement over the bill demanded by Senate Wallace, Kernan, McDonald, Garland and Bailey, making it a misdemeanor for any public officer to subscribe to a campaign fund, with a view to putting a stop to political assessments. It is variously indeed. Little Bill.

Manchester Union.

If the republicans must take a dark horse for the presidential race, why not trotout William E Chandler, of New Hampshire? No man would make a livelier contest than he, and none would on more for the party cause, if elected. Is it truthat no really good and great man can receive the republican nomination? They Do, They Do New York Star, Kelly.

In Georgia a few child-like democrats who ex-pect to go to heaven when they die, believe that Mr. Tilden, during the electoral contest four years ago, was made the victim of the timidity of such men as Mr. Hewitt. No, Indeedy New York Sun

Never before was any such sum of money reactobal expended in a presidential election as now in readiness to promote the election Grant Shall moneybags and imperialism prosufficient to conquer our love of country? Attacking the Administration.

The best way to prevent any more star service leficiency is for the president to look over his souther department and make some very much lemanded changes there. Used to It.

New Haven Register The story that the Louisiana lottery has bough the favor of the post-office department for \$80.00 would be a little startling if the country hadn's become thorough; y used to this sort of thing. Mr. Dana's Freshest Victim.

Mr. Groesbeck says he does not seek the nomination He might as well not seek it, for he can never find it. Whistling in a Cemetery.

New York Tribune. There is a good deal of music in the air which If.

If life were never bitter
And love were always sweet,
Then who would care to borrow
A moral from to-morrow—
If Thames would always glitter—
And joy would ne'er retreat,
If life were never bitter
And love were always sweet.

If care were not the waiter Behind a fellow's chair, When easy going sinners Sit down to Richmond dinners, And life's swift stream flows straighter— By Jove, it would be rare, If care were not the waiter Behind a fellow's chair.

If wit were always radiant And wine were always iced, And bores were kicked out straightway And bores were kicked out straighth —,
And bores were kicked out straighth —,
Through a convenient gateway:
Then down the year's long gradient
'Twere sad to be enticed,
If wit were always radiant,
And wine were always iced.
—Mortimer Collins.

—Deservedly popular. We mean Dr Bull's Cough Syrup for it never fails to cure a cough. Physicians recommend it. Price 25 cents a bottle.

In vain the eyes are filled with light; In vain the cheek with beauty glows, Unless the teeth are pure and white, Unless the breath is like the ro-e; And SOZODONT alone supplies These beauties that we all so prize apr6—d3t tues thur sat&w't

Congress Water None genuine sold on draught. Its superiority as a cathartic and alterative consists in its entire freedom from everything bitter, acid or crude that produces headache, internal soreness, and tends to destroy the mucuous membrane. All mineral waters that are denorrous irri-All mineral waters that are dangerous irri ants may be known by an acid after-taste

-W. W. CLAYTON is a candidate for Tax Collector of Fulton county. Ricction on 29th of April, 1880.

174 apr9—dtd

-We are authorized to announce the name of C. C. Green as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, at the ensuing election to be held the 29th instant. 29th instant. 000 april—dtd —CLARK HOWELL, Sr., is a candidate for the office of Tax Col ector of Fulton county. Ele-tion, April 29th, 1880. 000 april—dtd tion, April 29th, 1880. 000 aprilo—dtd
—The friends of D. N. SPERR, of Troup cou-ty, announce him as a candidate for the office of state Treasurer, subject to the action of the Den cratic Convention. 31 april—dtde

MACK DYER

SID HOLLAND HAVE JUST OPENED A FIRST-CLASS
Saloon at No. 13 Whitehall street Customers can find anything that is kept in above named place. Call and give us a trial and don't forget it.

apr4—dlw ist un new ads

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Keep your "5 & 10c Counter" Rooming. Don't let the assortment run low. The live one are putting in fresh goods and having a greater rush than ever. If you haven't had one, hurry up! or your neighbor will get all the trade. Many are getting rich in "Exclusively 5 & 10c Stores" Send for our "Business Agitator" containing Catalogue, Particulars and Reduced Price List. Specialties for Agents N. R.—Merchanis pot running these consists.

89 mar6-d2aw52w sat

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CITY OF BRUSSELS, Thursday, May 18, 3:00 p. m.

CITY OF MANTRAL, Thursday, May 18, 3:00 p. m.

CITY OF MANTRAL, Thursday, May 18, 3:00 p. m.

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Salooms, state-rooms, smoking and bath-rooms amidships.

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HEADACHE BLOOD DYSPEPSIA All Skin Diseases, Scrothlou Affections, PURIFIES. On Sours AND ULCERS, 41P Disease Diseases of the Liver, Stomach, and Blood, It builds up the system does not sicken, give pain, no leave the system on ti-site, as other medicines do Cordini, Anti-Billouss, Tonic, Chinden like it. PLEASANTIOTAKE, Prepared by

HOME MEDICINE CO , S. W. Cor. 10th & Arca, Phila

TO GET YOUR BEE HIVES, FRAMES, SEC-J. F. HART

PAMOUS N. Y. CLOTHING HOUSE. 1880.

This Spring more than ever the public will appreciate the effort of the FAMOUS NEW YORK CLOTHING HOUSE. We are constantly waging war on high prices. Clothing has advanced, but wages not in the same proportion. To pay the prices some dealers ask is ruination. Go to the famous New York Clothing House, 7 Whitehall street, where you can get dressed from head to foot, in the best goods the market affords, at LIVING PRICES.

CLOTHING. A. B. Andrews & Co. CLOTHING

MILITARY, SOCIETY AND THEATRICAL GOODS.

ESTABLISHED 1815. HORSTMANN BROTHERS

PHILADELPHIA, PA. Manufacturers of Military, Society Regalia and Theatrical Goods, Band Equipments, etc., etc. Knight Templar Uniforms a specialty.

Flags, Banners, and Bunting. HORSTMANN BROS. & CO.

Fifth and Cherry Sts., Philad'a Catalogue sent on application.

WHOLESALE GROVERIES, Ac. wm. Glenn & sons HEADQUARTERS FOR GROCERI

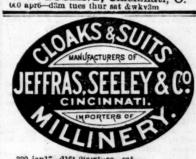
Immense Stock! Great Variety! Low Prices!

COFFEE-Rio, Santos, Laguayra, Java, Mocha. SUGAR-New Orleans, Hard and Soft Refined. SYRUP-New Orleans and Eastern. RICE, TEAS, TOBACCOS, and CIGARS. 68. 70 and 72 Vine street, CINCINNATI.

FINE CARRIAGES. he Latest Styles - Novelties of the Seaso Improved Glass Front Landaus. AND 6 PASSENGER ROCKAWAYS.

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Seated Sarrys, and Phætons, Four J. W. GOSLING, Cincinnati, O.



A struction As 304P-MAKER, Br.
man who thoroughly inderstands that bu
ness. Can make all rinds of Tollet, Luundi
und Mill Soaps, either by the English or Germa
nethods. Address P. J. CONEYS,
47 Centre street, Bangor, Maine. cheaper or better than in Georgia, wher a Cotton seed Oil and Rosin are so plenty. 13 apr3—div CHEAPEST BOOK STORE WORLD

175672 NEW and OLD Standard WORKS in Every Department of Literature. Almost given away Catalogue General Literature and fiction free. Immense Inducements to Book Clubs and Libraries. LEGGAT BROS.

BEST GREEN RIVER WORKS. CUTLER 844 jan17-d3m 2taw sat wed CENTRAL AND SOUTHWESTERS

RAIIreads.

BAYANNAH, GA.. December 13th, 1879.
On and after SUNDAY, December 14th, 1879, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern Railroads and branches will run as follows:
TRAIN NO. 1—GOING NORTH AND WEST

Leaves Augusta.

Making connection at Savannah with lantic and Gulf railroad for all points in TRAIN NO. 2—GOING NORTH AND Leaves Savannah.
Arrives at Augusta.
Leaves Augusta.
Leaves Augusta.
Arrives at Milledgeville...
Arrives at Milledgeville...
Arrives at Macon.
Leaves Macon for Atlanta
Arrives at Atlanta...
Leaves Macon for Albany of Albany of

ays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, COMING SOUTH AND EAST. Leaves Macon 7 85 p m
Arrives at Augusta 5 40 am
Leaves Augusta 8 30 p m
Arrives at Savannah 7 15 am
Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will
take train No. 2 from Savannah, and train No. 1
from Macon, which trains connect daily, except
afonday, for these points.
PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS and
Baston via Angusta Columbia Charles and

PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS to Boston via Augusta, Columbia, Charlotte and Richmond, on 7:30 p. m. train.

Passengers from Bouthwestern Georgia take sleeper Macon to Augusta on 7:35 p. m., connecting with Pullman Sleeper to Boston without change.

Berths in Pullman Palace Sleeper csn be secured at SCHREINER'S, 127 Congress street.

E. H. SMITH, WILLIAM KOUGERS, Gen. Ticket Agt. Gen' Supt. C. R. R., Savannah, J. C. SHAW, W. G. RAOUL, Gen. Trav. Agt. Supt. S. W. R. R., Macon, G. ORTHEATSERN BAILBOAD.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATHENS, GA., October 11: 1879.
On and after MONDAY, October 6th, 1879, train
1 Northeastern Road will run as follows. Al
ains daily except Sunday:
awe Athena.

Change of Schedule.

AMUNEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE. Friday and Saturday, April 9 and 10 and Saturday Matinee.

Will illustrate the wonders of SPIRITUALISM! Intriducing

THE EVERETT FAMILY

MR. GEORGE EVERETT. Tho is acknowledged everywhere to be the mos who is a knowledged everywhere to be the most remarkable exponent of Spiritual manifestation in the world: assisted by FRANK EVELETT, CHAS, EVERETT, 4188 ANNIE EVERETT, and MISS NELLIE EVERETT, whose wonderful pow-ers of SECOND SIGHT AND MIND READING have become the wonder of both hemispheres Admission—75 center, realizer 50 center, recovered

Admission—75 cents: gallery 50 cents; its \$1.00, for sale at Phillips & Crew's. AUCTIONS AND SALES. By W. C. Morris & Co. Catalogue Auction Sale of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Notions, fine Cigars, &c. INSIDE OF OUR STORE, 21 MARIETTA ST., Tuesday, 13th instant, 94, o'clock. 45 Mer-chants and Traders may depend on getting bar-gins, as the go

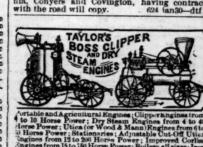
FOR SALE. FIRST-CLASS RESAWED POPLAR WEATH CEDAR LUMBER of all dimensions, at low figures Address
NORRELL & WALLACE,
466 mar25—dim Nashville, Ten

SPECIAL SUNDAY SCHEDULE

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, AUGUSTA, GA., January 29, 1880.

Commencing Sunday next. February 1st, 1880. SPECIAL CHURCH TRAIN will run over this Road as follows: Leave Covington... Leave Conyers.... Leave Lithonia...

2 48
B. R. DORSEY,
General Passetger Agent.
tr. Stone Mountair



A SPLENDID INVESTMENT.

One-Half Interest in the Furniture and

Fixtures of the

Pavilion Hotel, Charleston, S. C., CAN BE PURCHASED TOON REASONABLE terms. The Pavillon is situated in the heart toe city, and is accessible to all the railroads d to the business centres. Is well furnished or toe city, and is accessible to all the railroads and to the business centres. Is well furnished throughout, and has a large and steady-growing patronage. If desired, the entire good-will of the establishment will be sold.

For terms, etc., address

ALFORD & GAILLARD, Proprietors

Pavilion Hotel, Charleston, S. C., April 5, 1880.

apr8 deodim—thur sat tues

ATLANTA, GA., March 26, 1880. CIRCULAR No. 2.

THE FOLLOWING CHANGES ARE MADE in the Standard "Schedule of Maxadium Rates" for Passengers and Fielghts, by the Commissioners, for each Railroad Company in this

Rates" for Passengers and Freights, by the Commissioners, for each Railroad Company in this State, viz:

1st. The several Passenger Rates now in use on the Hartwell Railroad, the Cherokee Railroad, the Rome Railroad, and the Sandersville and Tennille Railroad, may be continued as maximum rates on said roads respectively until chang d hereafter by the commissioners.

2d. The Brunswick and Albany Railroad Company is allowed to make its maximum rates for freights by adding 39 per centum on the raid Standard Rates established by the Commissioners.

3d. The Columbus and Rome Railroad Company is allowed to make its own maximum rates for freights by adding 25 per centum to the said standard Rates of the Commissioners.

4th. The Northeastern Railroad Company is allowed to make its maximum rates for freights by adding 10 per centum to the said standard Rates of the Commissioners.

This Circular will be published as the law requires, and a copy of the same is directed to be sent to each Railroad Company in the State.

R. A. BACON, Secretary.

497 mart?—diawaw sat

WATKINS & JONES.

Grocers & Commission Merchants orn, Onia, Flour, Bran, Meal, Hay, Fruits, and Country and West-ern Produce, NO. 16 WEST MITCHELL STREET. A DVERTISEMENTS IN T

DACON, HAMS, BULK SIDES

A T AUCTION-BY W. C. MORRIS & P. Ellis, Auctioneer-20 barrels

FOR SALE BUTTER-BUTTER - CUSTOMERS WILL farm of W. B. Cox every Wednesday and sain day evening, by E. A. Robertson & Co. No. MOR SALE-MY HOUSE HAVING

EVERAL NICE COTTAGES ON GO WANTED TO RENT-TWO FURN WANTED-A TAILORE'S TO

pply. Apply at J. Lynch's Tailor's WANTED-FOUR OR FIVE HAY pounds old type or type metal. I ticulars address Constitution Pub. Co. FOR RENT

FOR RENT-STORE No. 53 PEAC Street. This building is 31 by 100 front and rear entrance, is fitted up for

PARTIES WISHING FIRST CLASS BO and elegant rooms, address Industry OSTKEYS—A BUNCH WITH POS Keys numbered 3 6. If finder wi

titution office, a suitable a. April 10, 1880. Joseph. DRUGS, PAINTS AND OU SCHUMANN PHARMACY PHOTOGRAPHIC Stock Depo

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN B DRESH DRUGS, PURE CHEM large assortment of fine Tollet Artica, HOMOCEPATHIC MEDICINES constantly a hand; also, Imported Brandles, Chargama French and German Wines, and best brades Whisky for medical purpose.

Trusses of all kinds and in great variety at a bargaiu. Fresh Vaccine Matter from Pennsylvania Vaccine farm, non humanized!!!



JUST IN TIME

REAL Ofner Rakoczy Spring Water, Hanyady is Spring Water, Congress Spring Water, genul Hathorne Spring Water, genuine; speak Spring Water, genuine; and several other waters of Mineral Waters and salts, just receive D. B. PLUMBAC Genuine Holman Liver Pads, at

Bed-Bug Poison, a sure thing, at PLUMB'S DRUG STORE STANDARD ARTICLES. Fluid Extract Buchn and Juniper.
PLUMB'S COLOGNE.
Scott's Emulsion cod-Liver off,
PLUMB'S COLOGNE.
Bradfield's Regulator.
PLUMB'S COLOGNE.
- Cubeb Ciraretts.
PLUMB'S COLOGNE.
Camphor Ice and Vaselins.
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A large number of Tollet Articles, and
PLUMB'S CELEBRATED COLOGNE.
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No. 60 Whitehallst NEXT TO KEELY'S.

Where we will be pleased to see our former patrons, and all those in search of the Best quality of Silver-Plaist Ware, Cabinets, Easels, Japanese took, Swiss Carved Work, Leather Goods, Brackets, Fancy Baskets, etc. Aful and elegant stock of above articles always on hand. We guarantee salishetion and prices as low as the lowest.

NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.

GEORGIA RAILROAD. GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, AUGUSTA, GA., October :6, 1879

TOMMENCING SUNDAY, 19th, Instan ated:
NO. 2 EAST DAILY.
Lv'e Atlanta... 7 45 am
Ar. Athens... 7 45 am
Washig'n 2 60 pm
"Carnak... 1 13 pm
"Malled've 4 30 pm
Ar. Macon.... 6 30 pm
"Augusta. 3 29 pm
Ar. Atlanta... 5 9 pm
"Athens...
No connection to or from Washington on St.
COVINGTON ACCUMMODATION.
Lv'e Atlanta... 5 6 pm [Lv'e covington... 7 65 pm [L

MILTON COUNTY DEPUTY 8
Sale.—Will be sold before the of door, in the town of Alpharetta, Ga. The sday in May next, within the less sale, the following property, to with the less of the sale, the following property, to with the sale, the following property, to with the sale of the s

CURATINE. CURATINE, CURATINE, CURATINE. CURATINE, CURATINE, Mineral Waters FRESH From the Springs. We have a large stock of all kinds of Natural Mineral Waters. Congress. Hatborn, Buffalo Lithia, Rockbridge Alum, Blue Ridge, Hungadi, HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR, MANHOOD RESTORED. Prescription Free, For the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Address
D: VIDSON & CO.. 78 Nassau St.. N. Y. ASK FOR DALSHEIMER BROS PHILADELPHIA

AND OILS

IUMANN'S

ARMACY

TOGRAPHIC

ck Depot

AL LABORATORY

TIME

S DRUG STORE.

ehall st.

those in search f Silver-Plated

apanese Goods, eather Goods, is, etc. A full we articles al-rantee satisfac-the lowest.

NG DAILY.

ELY'S.

ROUNDAHOUT IN GEORGIA. The Louisville Courier says that Mr. Solomon Kenedy, a citizen of Emanuel county, went out turkey-hunting one day lest week. He stopped in a thicket where he was nearly concealed by the bushes, and commenced yelping like a turkey. A gentleman by the name of Elenfield was also in the woods hunting and heard the yelping of Mr. Kenedy. He drew near enough to Mr. K. to see a little of his clothing through the bushes, and thinking the moving object TORPID LIVER the bushes, and thinking the moving object was a turkey, he fired at it, and killed Mr. Kenedy instantly. This is the second accident of the same sad character which has occurred in Emanuel county in the last few CONSTIPATION. -The Sandersville Herald says that Mr. William B. Warthen, residing about seven miles from Sandersville, was found dead on Monday morning under a gin house belong-ing to Mr. J. F. Sheppard. On Sunday afternoon he had gone over to a neighbor's,
Mr. R. P. Bynum, and left for his home
when it is supposed that he hurried to the
win house to shelter himself from the weath-Dr. I. Guy Lewis, Fel on Arts of the ounce when it is supposed that he hurried to the gin house to shelter himself from the weath-er. No marks of violence were found on ever made."

Rev. F. R. Oscood, N. D. Cork, Edge:

"I have had Dyspeps.", Wesk Sooms hand
Revousness. I never had my medican to do
me so much good as TUTT'S PILES. They are his person that would lead to the belief that his death may have been caused by lightce 35 Murray Street, New York. ning or falling timbers. Coroner J. W. Layton held an inquest on Monday over the body, and the verdict of the jury was that TUTT'S HAIR DYE. the deceased came to his death by the 627 aprill-dly thur sat thes &kvlv nx rd am GRAY'S SPECIFCIC MEDICINE. of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Fremature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Full particular thrown a considerable distance and into the residence just across the street from Mr. Thomas's, and occupied by Rev. R. W. Bigham, our presiding elder. Several of Mr. Bigham's smaller children were sitting in a group on the front piazza, the piece of tree passing just over their heads. Mrs. Bigham and her daughter, Miss Katie, were in the hall, and the fragment entering just to the left of the front door, passed between them, not missing either over three feet, and was buried in the opposite wall. Both were badly shocked, but Miss Katie more than her mother, and from which she is still suffering with great hervous prostration. Her condition on yesterday, while not considered dangerous, was such as to require the services of a physician. The great power and force of this electric element was certainly most wonderfully and dangerously REMEDY MEDICINE FOR THE BLOOD LIVER & KIDNEYS. power and force of this electric element was certainly most wonderfully and dangerously demonstrated on this occasion. We greatly hope Miss Bigham will soon be fully re-stored from the terrible shock or concussion which she has sustained.

—Bellton North Georgian: About last Christmas Professor J. S. Williams came to this place, claiming to be a mineralogist and spiritualist. While in the town he was inspiritualist. While in the town he was introduced to a young lady—the daughter of one of our most worthy citizens—who is also a spiritualist. He professed an immediate attachment—"love at first sight." To gain his point, he claimed to be immensely wealthy—a regular big bonanza for any marriageable lady. The spirits came to his help and soon the coveted prize was won, the marriage taking place one month afterthey first met. The happy couple continued to reside with the bride's father, the professor spending most of his time prospect ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT. fessor spending most of his time prospecting for mines in this immediate section THE BROWN CHEMICAL CO. lessor spending most of his time prospecting for mines in this immediate section. About three weeks ago a gentleman stopped off here for supper, and recognized the professor and made inquiry concerning him When told that he (the professor) had but shortly married in this burg, he made a disclosure not altogether pleasant to our new citizen of such immense wealth. It was in substance, that the professor of mineralogy has one wife over in Cherokee county. Williams got wind of this and left. Nothing more was heard of him until last Monday night, when his tather in-law found him sitting on his front steps. He was immediately arrested and kept in custody until yesterday, when he was brought before Justice Echols for trial. Mr. Claud Estes, of Gainesville, represented the prisoner, and Mr. C. B. Thrasher the stafe. As soon as the case was called, it became apparent that the justice was determined to let the prisoner go, in spite of all avider ce that might or could be in BALTIMORE, Md. Georgia. nes thur&wlynx rd mat came apparent that the justice was determined to let the prisoner go, in spite of all eviderce that might or could be introduced. He ruled out all the written evidence but one telegraph dispatch, and in his decision gave that no weight. Mr. Thrasher contended with zeal and ability—though not a lawyer—for the cause of good morals and justice. The court proceeded according to his fixed purpose and let the prisoner go. The community felt outraged at the decision. The professor left immediately for "new fields and pastures green." BITTERS The Policy of the Democratic Party. The Policy of the Democratic Party.

Albany, February 4.—Two or three timely and well-considered articles that have appeared in recent issues of The Constitution on "the policy of the democratic party in Georgia," have attracted considerable attention among your readers in this section, and doubtless throughout this, the second congressional district. In view of certain agencies and influences already actively at work in the district, and in view of the great injury these same agencies and influences are likely to do the democratic party during the ensuing campaign, the appearance of these admonitory counsels in a journal of the character, and of such wide circulation in the district, as The Constitu-Fever and Ague.

The true antidote to the effects of missma is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This medicine is one of the most popular remedies of an age of successful proprietary specifics, and is in immense demand wherever on this Continent fever and ague exists. A wineglassful three times a day is the best possible preparative for "moountering a malarious atmosp ere regulating the liver, and invigorating the stomach.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally. 720 jan1—dly thur sat tues & wkyly nx rd m ARE YOU GGING TO PAINT ? St. LOUIS STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD, Red Seal Brand BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR. SOLE AGENTS.

The following is our comparative statement: influences are likely to do the democration of the character, and of such wide circulation in the district, as The Construction, is most opportune. It is well for the party that it has one prominent organ in the state that will venture to point out its abuses and suggest proper reformatory measures, even when such revelations and suggestions run counter to the supposed drift of popular sentiment, and to the policy heretofore recommended by many of its party leaders.

Among the agencies alluded to as again at work in the politices of the district is the reappearance, in a few of the local journals of adisposition to renew the old spirit of petty dogmantism and intolerance, against which your late articles are mainly into the district theretofore. It is not surprising that their spirit, under the inspiriation of the thousand and one local professional politicians, both in office and in expertancy of office, and who rely for success mainly on some of the questionable methods and tactics of the party in the past, should find expression on the eve of what bids fair to be the most exciting and eventful contest yet made in the district. The situation of affairs here has always been thought to allow a wider license to politicians and edifors of the party in the base of an alleged (but not proven) 4,000 colored majority, to be exorcised only by a so called organization and parry discipline, that left no room for the indulgence of any individual freedom of thought or expression whatever, has herefolder given the cut to incumerable petty wielders of the party lash, in the district, and who have herecofore wielded it with the indiscriminate zeal born of big. The party has yet achieved. But the dragooning method, and the party lash, will no longer prove the effective agencies they have been of yore. As you well remark in one of your recent articles on the subject—the leaders of the party lash, will no longer prove the effective agencies they have been of yore. As you well remark in one of your recent articles on the subject Receipts for week ending to day. Receipts same week last year..... Showing a decrease of..... The following is the comparative table of net receipts at all United States ports: Receipts at all United States ports:
Net receipts at all the ports to-day...
Same day last year...
Showing a decrease of...
Net receipts for week ending to-day...
For corresponding week last year...
Showing a decrease of...
Net receipts since September 1, 1879...
Same time last year...
Showing an increase of...

WANTED.

Is it surprising that intelligent people will in time begin to kick from such traces?
It is were pevident that a political reaction is setting in all over the district, which will make itself heard with effect this fall. It by no means follows, however, that this portends anything like a dissister to the democracy. Properly dealt, with, it will result, we firmly believe, in a more signal, and in all respects a more honorable and in all respects a more honorable and in all respects a more honorable and in all respects. But the dragooning method, and the party lab.

The party has yet achieved. But the dragooning method, and the party lab.

The dragooning method, and the party will be brought face to face with conditions that are comparatively unfamiliar, and they will be brought face to face with conditions that comparatively unfamiliar, and they will be compiled to recognize fact, which, however unpromising they may seem really mark a pêriod of very city political growth and development. It will be well for our class of small beer politicians, to note this fact in time, and to cease with the well for our class of small beer politicians, to note this fact in time, and to cease with the well for our class of small beer politicians, to note this fact in time, and to cease with the well for our class of small beer politicians, to note this fact in time, and to cease with the well for our class of small beer politicians, to note this fact in time, and to cease with the well for our class of small beer politicians, to note this fact in time, and to cease with the well for our class of small beer politicians, to note this fact in time, and to cease with the well for our class of small beer politicians, to note this fact in time, and to cease with the well for our class of small beer politicians, to note this fact in time, and to cease with the well for our class of small beer politicians, to note this fact in time, and to cease with the well for our class of small beer politicians, to note this fact in time, and to cea

which 5,600 were American.

Stock on hand......

P. Kendrick, Mrs. L. C. Head, J. McCocker, V. C. K. Cree, N. Y. C. M. Leak, Philia; A. B. Craus, N. Y. T. K. Cree, N. Y. C. M. Leak, Philia; A. B. Craus, N. Y. T. K. Cree, N. Y. W. H. Pendileton, city; C. D. Debbs and wife, Greenville, Gs.: J. J. Ransom, Gs.; W. Goodman, Chattanoogs.; J. W. Harrison, Richmond; L. E. Reiffe, W. E. Lewis, New York; J. P. Jerks, Philiadelphia; J. B. Brigs, Miss. Mary Long, Miss. Mattie Long, Miss. Martie Long, Miss. Mary Hall, Kentucky; E. F. Lyon, J. W. Lyon, W. J. Lyon, Macon; D. L. A. Leen, J. D. L. A. Lyon, J. W. Lyon, W. J. Lyon, Macon; D. L. A. Landerson, Gs.; D. M. Amsdon, agent Miss. Scott. Baltimore; T. H. Blackwell, Durham, N. C.; J. A. Campbell, Ablundon; W. J. Cooper, Miss. Cooper, Alabama; D. F. Brasley, South Carolina; J. T. Leak, Marietta; W. F. Peck, city; "F. Gaber, Marietta; J. T. Hall, Griffin; J. B. Blajey, Newman; J. Joseph, Cincinnett; F. Everett, L. Everett, Miss. Amte. Everett, Miss. Nellie Sverett, Everett family troupe; W. L. Clark, Columbus, Ga; C. M. Baker, Madison; C. Ellies, Columbus, Ga; G. M. Baker, Madison; C. Ellies, Columbus, Ga; G. M. Baker, Madison; C. Ellies, Columbus, Ga; S. S. S. Uchn, and wife, Canada; J. M. Garth, Alabama; H. B. Anderson, Covington; W. W. Screws, wife and child, Alabama; G. B. Buck, St. Louis; T. K. Comes, New York; C. S. Edwards, Covington; G. T. Goeber, Marietta. NEW YORK, April 9.—The H. CASTLEMAN. BROKER. No. 3 Pryor Street, in Kimball House, \$75,000 of Bonds of the City of Atlanta, 6 per cent, 7 per cent or 8 per cent Bonds. 000 feb29—dtf head fluan col over jam FINANCE AND COMMERCE BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY. By Tolegraph.

NEW YORK, April 9—Noon.—Stocks strong
Money 5@3. Exchange—long \$4.84%; short \$4.87%
Governments dull. State Bonds quiet.

NEW YORK, April 9.— Evening.— Money
6@4. Exchange \$4.84%. Governments strong and
higher for some; new dves 103%; four and a hall
per cents 109; four per cents 107%. State Bonds
dull.

GALVESTON, A pril 9—Cotton quiet and steady: middlings 12%; low middlings 12; good ordinary 11%; net receipts 279 bales; gross—; sales 2,088; stock 35,483.

Weekly—Net receipts 2,172; gross—; sales 4,588; exports to Great Britain 6,869; to France 821; coastwise 1,258. coastwise 1,253.

NORFOLK, April ⁵—Cotton nominal: middlings
12½; net receipts 540 bales; gross—; stock 15,914.

Weekly—Net receipts 8,194; gross—; sales 2,051;
exports to Great Britain 3,8 5; coastwise 4,663. weekly—Net receipts 3,134; gluss—; sales 1,353; exports to Great Britain 3,8 5; coastwise 4,663.

BallTimorr. April 9—Cotton quiet; middling 124; glow middlings 12; good ordinary 1134; net receipts 14 bales; gross 685; sales 150; stock 14,724.

Weekly—Net receipts 11 ; gross 1,196; sales 475; to spinners 120; exports to Great Britain 1,454; to continent 163; coastwise 135.

Boston, April 9—Cotton quiet; middlings 1234; low middlings 1234; good ordinary 1134; net receipts 241 bales; gross 1,233; sales none; stock 13,613.

Weekly—Net receipts 2,307; gross 4,282; sales none; exports to Great Britain 1,387.

WILMINGTON, April 9—Cotton weak and lower to sell; middlings 12; low middlings 11%; good ordinary 11 5-16; net receipts 1 bale; gross—; sales none stock 3,453.

Weekly—Net receipts 233; gross—; sales none; exports to France 1,177; coastwise 898.

PHILADELPHIA, April 9—Cotton dull; midexports to France 1,777; coastwise sys.

PHILADELPHIA, April 9—Cotton dull; middlings 1:34; low middlings 1:24; good ordinary
1134; net receipts 187 bales; gross 282.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,681; gross 2,270; sales
1,979; to spinners 1,780; stock 17,925; exports to
Great Britain 1,212. Great Britain 1,212.

SAVANNAH, April 9—Cotton dull; middlings 12%: low middlings 12; good ordinary 11%; net recepts 63 bales; gross—; sales 200; stock 19,899.

Weekly—Net recepts 1,265; gross 1,270; sales 2,5 0; exports to Great Britain 3,228; to continent 1,565. NEW ORLEANS, April 9.—Cotton irregular an NEW ORLEANS, April 9.—Cotton irresular and unsettled; middlings 12½; low middlings 11½; good ordinary 11½; net receipts 1,523 bales; gross 1,612; sales 3,000; stock 218.479.
Weekly—Net receipts 14,009; gross 15,090; sales 23,300; exports to Great Britain 15,686; to France 7,007; to continent 5,851.
MOBILE. April 9—Cotton weak and irregular; middlings 12½; low middlings 11½; good ordinary 11½; net receipts 248 bales; gross —; sales 1,00; stock 37,439.
Weekly—Net receipts 1,376; gross 1,382; sales 4,30; exports to Great Britain 3,676; coastwise 1,145. Pittsburg 110% N. J. Collisville & Nash.—
Sub-treasury balances:
Coin \$101.705,709 Currency...... \$5,638,682 LONDON, April 9 — noon. — Consols—Money 98 7-16; account 98½; Erie 46½. 1,145.

MEMPHI3, April 9.—Cotton lower to sell; middlings 1:½; net receipts 1,313 bales; shipments 899; sales 3 700; stock 9,350.

Weekly—Net receipts 4,101; shipments 5,941; sales 16,450. PARIS, April 9-1:37 p. m.-Rentes 831. 60c. THE COTTON MARKET. CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, April 9, 1880. New York—An immense decline took place tosales 16,450.

AUGUSTA. April 9.—Cotton dull; middlings 12; low middlings 1134; good ordinary 1134; net receipts 59 bales; hipments —; sales 123.

Weekly—Net receipts 75; shipments 655; sales 600; to spinners none; stock 13,708. speculators. At the opening this morning future 600; to spinners none; stock 13,708.

CHARLESTON, April 9.— Cotton dull and heavy; middlings 12½; low middlings 12½; good ordinary 12½; net receipts 268 bales; gross —; sales 202: stock 3,692.

Weekly—Net receipts 2,195; gross —; sales 3,651; exports to continent 2,825.

MONTGOMERY, April 9.— Cotton —; middlings 11½; low middlings 11½; good ordinary 11; net receipts of the week 587 bales; shipments 556; stock of 1880,6,746; 1879, 2,704; sales 554.

MACON, April 9.— Cotton dull; middlings 11½; prevailing, which resulted in heavy losses by the close. For some weeks past the New York mar-ket has ranged so much above Liverpool that stocks have accumulated in New York and the bears are taking advantage of the situation and selling the market down. Thus far an important victory has been achieved, with prospects favorable to a still further depression of prices. Speculators have been wild all day, and the heaviest blees as the market is weak, but at the close futures were barely steady with losses amounting to 25 to 35 points. Net receipts for the week ending to 437 points. Net receipts for the week ending to 437 points. Net receipts for the week ending to 439 amount to 37,997 bales, against 46,899 bales last week and against 46,391 bales for the corresponding week last year; exports 65,773 bales, stock of 1880, 6,748; 1879, 2,704; sales 555.

MACON, April 9.—Cotton dull; middlings 11½; sood ordinary 11; net receipts for the week 395 bales; sales 120; stock of 1880, 1,995; 1879, 1,407; shipments 362.

COLUMBUS, April 9.—Cotton dull; middlings 11½; good ordinary 11; net receipts of the week 365 bales; shipments 173; sales 1,164; to spinners 231; stock 11,041.

NASHVILLE April 9.—Cotton active; middlings 12½; mod ordinary 11; net receipts of the week 495 bales; shipments 113; sales 1,502; to spinners 23; stock of 1880, 1,502; to spinners 23; corresponding week last year; exports 65,773 bales; stock 731,033 bales; net receipts to-day low middlings 113/4; good ordinary 11: receipts of the week 220 bales; shipments 291: stock 2,915. ROME, April 9.—Cotton nominal; middling 12½; low middlings 11½; good ordinary 11½; ne receipts of the week 574; shipments 746; stock Liverpool-Futures closed heavy. Spots-Uplands 71/4d; Orleans 7 5 16d; sales 7,000 bales, of The local cotton market was quite active to-day PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC. with liberal transactions reported. Spots are dull with prices marked down. Our receipts for the CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, April 9, 1880. week ending to-day amount to 162 bales, (of which 76 bales were received from wagons), 9:55 10:25 11:26 12:36 12:36 12:36 13:36 1 against 1,413 bales for the corresponding week last year. The following prices were quoted at the close: Good middlings 12c; middlings 11½c; low middlings 11½c; good ordinary 10@10¼c. The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for the week ending to-day: E==EEEE5555 Georgia Railroad Central Railroad Western and Atlantic Bailroad West Point Railroad

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6 9773 ATLANTA, April 9.—For about two months past the grocery market has remained steady and without material change. The following quotations are ruling to-day: Coffee—Firm; Rio 15%@18; old government Java 28@80. Roasted Coffees—Quiet; old government Java 29@ 32; best Rio 20; choice 18. Sugars—Steady at quotations: standard A 10%@10%; granulated 10%; cut loaf 11%@12; powdered 11@ 11%; white extra C 9%@9%; yellow C 8%@9% New Orleans sugars unchanged at 8%@9% New Orleans sugars unchanged at 8%@10%—Molasses—hhds 28; tierces 28; barreic 30. Syrup—New Orleans 45@60. Teas—Oolong 35@ 60; Japan 46@31.00; Imperial and Gunpowder 40 60; Japan 46@31.00; Imperial and Gunpowder 40 60; Young Hyson 27@75; English Breakfast 30@ 75. Pepper quiet at 18; alispice, best sitted, 20; cinnamon 30; saigon 55; cloves 68; African ginger 7; mace \$1.25; nutmegs \$1.20@\$1.25; mustard, best, 40; medium 18/22; Crackers—milk 8@8%c: Bos ton butter 7%@7%c; pearl oyster 8@3%c: soda XXX5%@6; cream 7%@8; lemon 8@8%; molasses cakes 8@8%; ginger suaps 8@8%; candy — Assorted stick 12@13c. Mackerel—No. I medium, half barreis, \$5.50@67.00; No. 2 do. \$0.0@\$5.50; No. 8 do. \$0.0@\$4.50. Soap—\$2.50@\$7.00 per 100 cakes. Candles—L. W. 12%per B. Matches—Parlor \$2.85; sulphur 2.63. Soda in kegs 4%c; in boxes 6c. Rice—Fair 7%; good 7%; prime 8.

RiO De JANEIRO, April 9.—Coffee quiet and unchanged: good firsts 57.00@65 or eis per ten Groceries. in kegs 4%: in bokes et. kite—pair 17%; woul 7%; prime 8.

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 9.—Coffee quiet and unchanged; good firsts 57.00@58 0 reis per ten kilos: average daily receipts 3,300 bags: shipments, to the charnel and north of Europe 6,000 bags: to the United States 21,000 bags; to the Mediterranean none: sales of the week, for the channel and north of Europe 15,000 bas; to the United States 50,000 bags; to the Mediterranean none; steek 129,000 bags.

NEW YORK, April 9—Coffee active; Rio cargoes 13%,@15%: job lots 13%,@17%. Sugar dull; Melado 6; Java 8%; fair to good refining 7%,@7%; refined in better demand and steady: standard a 9%. Molasses in moderate demand; New Orleans 41@60; Porto Rico 45; English Island 39@42. Rice firm; Carolina 6%@ 7%; Rangoon 6@6%

No. 2 Chicago spring \$1.10%(38.11). Cold and lower at 26%.

37. LOTIS, april 9—Flour dull and lower; fancy \$4.55; family \$4.55. Wheat opened with a sharp decline and closed with a slight reaction; No. 2 red fall \$1.16@\$1.16\% No. 3 do. \$1.08. Corn lower at 36931\%. Osts steady at 31@34.

CINCINNATI, April 9—Flour quiet; family \$5.25; fancy \$5.7548.25. Wheat unsettled and lower at \$1.19@\$1.20. Corn dull. at 41. Oats easier at 36\% 937.

NEW ORLEANS, April 9—Flour dull; superfine \$4.00.944.75; high grades \$5.75.363.37\%. Corn steady mixed 51@\$5. Oats steady at 42.

LOUISVILLE, April 9—Flour easier; family \$4.75; fancy \$5.75.365.00. Wheat quiet at \$1.12@\$1.15. Corn steady at 42\% Quiet.

LIVERPOOL, April 9—1:30 p. m.—Breadstuffs, small business at lower prices; red winter wheat 10s 6d@11s 3d.

Miscellaneous.

Miscellameous.

ATLANTA, April 9.—Lime — Market steady-In car-load lots, free on cars in Atlanta, 90c: less than car-loads \$1.00 is asked; Rosendale cement \$2.50 per bbl. of 300 fbs. neat; Louiville cement, car-load lots, \$1.75; less than car-load \$2.25@\$2.50; Portland cement, car-load lots \$1.75; less than car-load \$5.00; plaster-of-paris ("caltined"), car-load lots, \$2.50; in smaller quantities \$2.75@\$3.00; land plaster ("new fertilizer"), car-load lots \$2.50 \(\frac{1}{2} \) bbl.; less than car-loads \$2.75\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$3.00 \(\frac{2}{2} \) bbl.; less than car-loads \$2.75\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$3.00 \(\frac{2}{2} \) bbl.; less than car-loads \$2.75\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$3.00 \(\frac{2}{2} \) bbl.; marble dust in low \$3.60\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$4.00\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$4.00\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$5.00; bll.; arrived to day; dry flint 14\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$4.00\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$5.00; bll. wet salted \$8.6\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$6.00; bll. Fursare in fair demand at former prices: minks, good, 25\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$6.00; bll. \$4.00\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$5.00; bll. \$4.00\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$5.00; bll. \$4.00\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$5.00; bll. \$4.00\(\frac{2}{2} \) \$6.00; bll. \$6.00\(\

beaver \$1.00@\$2.50; coun 10@\$5; musk rat 5@10.

ATLANTA. April 9.—Paper—The market is firm and active. Prices are steady. Manilla paper No. 110@11½c \$\mathbf{n}\$: \text{No. 27\cdot 0}\text{No. 27\cdot 0}\te leather 37645c.
ATLANTA, April 9.—Plastering Hair—Active: Georgia 20g-2x: per bushel; western 25630c: laths, car-load, \$2.50 per M; less quantities \$2.75 per M.
ATLANTA. April 9.—Salt—Liverpool \$1.30; Virginia in white sacks as follows: Kannawah \$1.10; Holston \$1.45.

NEW YORK, April 9—Wool steady; domestic fleece 50@60; pulled 33@62; unwashed 18@42; Texas 21@40.

ATLANTA. April 9.—Wool—In active demand and firm; washed 40@45; unwashed 25@35; burry 15@20c.

ATLANTA. April 9.—Hay — Steady; choice Timothy \$1.35; choice mixed, \$1.30; prime mixed \$1.25.

NEW YORK, April 9—Rosin quiet at \$1.45@ \$1.50. Turpentine dull and weak at 33%@34.
ATLANTA. April 9—Peas—in demand; stock 90c@\$1.00; white \$1.25.

ATLANTA, April 9.—Peas—in demand; stock 90c@\$1.00; white \$1.25.

at 6c. ATLANTA, April 9.—Rye,—None on mar ATLANTA, April 9.—Wheat Bran-\$1.00. Provisions.

ATLANTA, April 9.—Chicago market steady. Clear Rib Sides—7½.@7½c. Mess Pork—Chicago opene i a shade higher; market very steady all dey, Hog receipts 15.000. Bacon — Sugar-curet hams 10@10½; sides 7½; shoulders 6; plain shoulders none, Lard—Tierces, leaf. 9@9½c: refined 8½c; kegs, cans and buckets 9½c.

NEW OBLEANS, April 9—Pork quiet at \$11.62½ @\$11.75 Lard steady; tierces 7; kegs 8½. Bulk meats firm: shoulders, loose 4½; packed 4½; clear ribs 6½; clear sides 7½. Sugar-cured hams firm; canvassed 9@10½.

LOUISVILLE, April 9—Pork quiet at \$11.60. Provisions.

gar-cured nams firm; canvassed 9@10½.

LOUISVILLE, April 9-Pork quiet at \$11.60.

Lard quiet; choice lesf in theres 7. Bulk means quiet; shoulders 4@1½; clear ribs 6½/66½; clear sides 6½.4 Bacon quiet; shoulders 4%; clear rib 7@17½; clear sides 7½/27½. Sugar-cured hams 9 610%.

BALTIMORE, April 9-Provisions are steady.

Mess pork \$12.25/68£12.50. Bulk means loose, shoulders 4%; of Mright and nominal. Lard dull and lower at 6 90,66.95. Bulk meats weaker; shoulders 4; clear ribs 6\%; clear sides 6.60. Bacon dull; shoulders 4\%; clear ribs 7; clear ST. LOUIS, April 9—Pork dull and lower; job-bing at \$ 0.50. Lard dull at 6 85. Bulk meats dull and about 10e lower to sell. Bacon lower; shoulders 4 40. clear ribs 6.90; clear sides 7.10. CHICAGO, April 9—Pork dull, weak and lower closing strong at \$10.17\% @\$19.20. Lard steady and in fair demand at 6.95. Bulk meats easier; shoulders 3.95; short ribs 6.30; short clear 6\%.

NEW YORK, April 9 - Pork lower and dull; old \$10.75; new \$11.20. Middles dull; long clear 6%; short clear 7%; long and short clear 7. Lard firm and fairly active at 7 36%.

Wines, Liquors, £tc.

ATLANTA, April 9.—Marketsteady. Corn whisky, rectified, \$1.10@\$1.40; rye, rectified, \$1.1\(\frac{1}{2}\). \$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium \$1.50\(\text{\$6}\). \$2.00; rum, rectified, \$1.2\(\text{\$6}\). \$1.75; New England \$1.75\(\text{\$6}\). \$2.50; St. Croix \$4.00; Jamaica \$1.50\(\text{\$6}\). \$3.00; gin. domestic \$1.50\(\text{\$6}\). \$50: jimported \$5.00\(\text{\$8}\). \$50; copper distilled corn whisky, tworgia male, \$1.76; apple and peach bran by \$2.25\(\text{\$6}\). \$2.00 cherry and ginger brandy \$1.00\(\text{\$6}\). \$50: joor wine \$1.50\(\text{\$6}\). \$6.00, owing to quality; sherry. \$1.50\(\text{\$6}\). \$6.00, catawba \$1.25\(\text{\$6}\). \$1.76; suppernong \$1.00\(\text{\$6}\). \$2.50\(\text{\$6}\). \$2.00.

NEW OBLEANS, April —Whisky dull; western rectified \$1.00\(\text{\$6}\). \$1.10

CINCINNATI, April 9—Whisky in good demand CINCINNATI, April 9-Whisk / in good demand at \$1.05. BALTIMORE, April 9-Whisky dull at \$1.081/6

\$1.09. LOUISVILLE, April 9—Whisky steady at \$1.05. ST. LOUIS, April 9—Whisky steady at \$1.06. CHICAGO, April 9—Whisky steady at \$1.07. Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass.

ATLANTA, April 9.—Market steady and generally firm. Indigo, best, 90c@\$1.10; madder 14@15c; Epsoim saits 3@4c: bluestone 10@12c; alum 4@6; cochineal \$1.10@\$1.25; magnesia carb. 35@45; flor, sulphur 4½@5; coll sulphur 3½@4; camphor 40@45; copperas 1½@2; asaicetida 35; opium gum, \$8.00@\$8.50; quinine \$3.60; calomel 90c@\$1.25; blue mass 75c; morphine \$6.00; chloro form \$1.10@\$1.25. Castor oil \$1.25@\$1.50 gailon; linseed oil, raw, 95; boiled \$1.00; coal oil 15@20; lard oil 65@30, owl g to quality; aweet oil \$1.00 @\$3.50; tanner's oil 65@75; lubricating oil 25@40; turpentine 50@6. White lead 10½; furniture varnish \$1.55@\$1.50; coach varnish \$1.75@\$3.50; furniture glue 18@25; white 30@40; concentrated 1½\$3.75.25@\$1.50; coach varnish \$1.50@\$2.00 gallon; axle-grease 75@\$1.00 doz. Glass 8xl0 \$7.00; 10x12 \$7.00; 10x14 \$7.00; 10x16 \$9.00; 12x14 \$8.00; 12x18 \$8.00; 21x18 \$8.00; Babbitt's potash \$4.50; all other brands \$4.00. Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass.

Dry Goods. ATLANTA, April 9 -Market steady and til

76
44
6-oz. white osnaburgs
8-oz.
Southern cotton pladds and stripes
Cambrics, sharp
Ticks, mattress.
Feather. Country Produce. ATLANTA. April 9.—Eggs—9610c; plentiful and dull. Butter—Scarce and in active demand; choice Tenne see 24 g25c; medium 20c; common 12 415. Poultry—in good demand; hens 22 647 c. Dressed Poultry—Supply moderate with good demand reported. Sweet Potatoes—Are very sarce; choice yams \$1.00 per bushel; ordinary 90695c. Irish Potatoes—Inquiry moderate; we outoue choice eastern \$1.756 \$2.25. Dried Fruit—Stocks are very small with a fair demand prevailing; apples 761 c; peaches nominal; peeled peaches 13c; unpeeled 5666c. Wax—21c. Cabbage—464/4/c; market active; stocks moderate. Onious—\$5.0 4686.0) per barrel. Peathers—Choice white geese, 506/56c; prime 45c; common mixed 35640c. Cheese—Choice cream 16/4c. Low grades range from 12/4 615c.

ATLANTA, April 2.—Market firm and s'oady; very common and unreliable grades 33@34; good common grades 35@37; medium 38 @45; extra medium 45@56c; fine 11 and 12-inch 55@65; extra fine and fancy 75 @90c; Brown's extra 8're; natural leaf 96c; Calboun \$1.15; Cook's extra fig 80c; Cook's extra Leatherwood 90c; Lucy Lawson 56c; shell road 52c; fine cut in pails 60@76c. Smoking tobaco—Blackwell's Durham, assorted, 55c; other brands and grades 40@56 c. Lorillard's snuff, in jars, 65c; Lorillard's snuff, 2-oz. packages, \$12.00 per gross; Railroad Millssnuff; 55c, in jars; Mrs. Miller's snuff, 55c, in jars; Mrs. M

ATLANTA, April 9.— Market steady at the the following prices: Horse-shoes \$7.00; mule \$8.00; Horse-shoe naits 12½624. Hames \$6.00@\$10.00. Trace-chains 60@\$70; good demand. Shovels \$10.00 @\$13.00. Spades \$10.50@\$13.00. Axes \$2.50@\$11.50 get dozen. Cotton cards \$5.50. Well-buckets \$5.50. Cotton cope 22. Sweed iron 6½c; rolled (or merchant bar) 5 rate. Haiman plow stocks in demand at \$2.00; Haiman's steel plow hoes active at 9½c per pound: 1 plow stock is the demand at \$2.00; Haiman's steel plow hoes active at 9½c per pound: 1 plow stock is the demand at \$2.00; Haiman's steel plow hoes active at 9½c per pound: 1 plow stock is the demand at \$2.00; Haiman's steel plow hoes active at 9½c per pound: 1 plow stock is the 17c. Naila, basis 10d, \$5.75. Powder, rifle \$6.15; blasting \$3.25. Bar lead \$5; shot \$2.00.

lead 8; shot \$2.00.

Fruitz and Consectioneries.

ATLANTA, April 9. — Apples — \$5.00@36.25:
scarce. Lemons—86.50@37.00 per box. Oranges—
The market is better supplied at present than for several days past; large bright 3½c; small sizes of the supplied at present than for several days past; large bright 3½c; small sizes 3c. Pineapples — None. Bananas—31.50 a\$2.00.

Cocoonuts—4@5c. Figs—12½@17c. Raisans per bor \$3.00; ½ box \$1.65; ½ box \$5c. Currants—7½@8.

Cranberries—56c per gallon. California Pears—None on market. Citron—22c. Almond—22c.

Pecans—14@15. Bratis—12½c. Filberts—15@16.

Walnuts—17c. Pearasts — Teunessee 5½; Nor.h.
Carolina 6½; Virginia 7; roasted \$1.75@61.85 9
bushel.

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Louisiana State Lottery Company.
This institution was regularly incorporated by
the Legislature of the State for Educational and
Charitable purposes in 1858, for the term
of Twenty-five Years, to which contract the inviolable faith of the State is pledged, which pledge has been renewed by an overwhelming popular vote, securing its franchise in the new constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879, with a capital of \$1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of \$350,000.

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9 Approximation Prizes of 200...
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of otherwise are SWINDLERS.

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THESE DRAWINGS, AUTHORIZED BY ACT
OF THE LEGISLATURE OF 1869, AND SUS
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Election Notice.

Tax Collector of Fulton County. W HEREAS, HIS EXCELLENCY, ALFRED H. Colquitt, Governor of the State of Geor-gia, has, in conformity to law, declared a vacan-cy in the office of

Tax Collector of said County.

Thursday, April 29th, 1880. Said election to be held and the returns made under the rules and regulations prescribed by law. DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary Fulton county. Atlanta. April 8, 1880 17g apr9—wkydd

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re IV	OTICE.
A Comment	All persons who are at all interested in the manufacture of
	Carriages and Buggies,
	Are invited to visit our Warerooms and examine our Fine Stock of
N A	Ladies' Phætons, Piano-box & Doctor Buggies
LAND	AUS, BAROUCHES, &c.
ork is not excelled by an	y made in the United States. Our "TIMKEN" SPRING is worth inspection. Send for Catalogue.
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Office of Dr. M. W. CASE, 933 Arch Street, Philad's, Pa.

KIMBALL HOUSE, April 9, 10:31, P. M.

Atlants... 30,14 48 49 N. W. Fresh .00 Clear.
Augusta... 30,19 47 84 ... Calm .00 Clear.
Corsicana... 30,29 47 84 ... Light .00 Clear.
Falveston... 30,32 60 55 N. Light .00 Clear.
Idianois... 30,35 00 71 W. Fresh .00 Clear.
Key West... 30,07 79 70 8. Fresh .00 Clear.
Kobile... 30,25 51 65 N. Gent .00 Clear.
Kontgon fry 30,23 50 71 W. Gent .00 Clear.

Local Weather Report.

WEATHER 6:31 a m 30.21 39 91 N. Gentle .00 Cloudy. 10:31 30.24 48 63 N. Gentle .00 Cloudy. 2 p. m. 30.15 53 48 N. W. Fresh .00 Fair. 2 s.31 30 14 53 48 N. W. Fresh .00 Fair. 9 p. m. 30.13 48 49 N. W. Fresh .00 Clear. 10:31 30.14 48 49 N. W. Fresh .00 Clear. Corporal Signal Corps, U. S. A.

TO THE TRADE STRICTLY At Manfacturers Prices. Crockery, China, Lamps, Stamped and Wood-ware, Fine Cutlery, Silver-ware, Show Cases, Looking Classes, Seth Thomas Clocks, Vases, Tollet Sets, Hotel and Saloon Fixtures. BEST GOODS at rock bottom prices to prompt Cash paying Merchants.

Southern Merchants, you can avoid hard stock, freight, insurance and ruinous breakage, by buying from McBRIDE & CO. THEY IMPORT and MAN-UFACTURE and can meet the closest prices. , 529 jan25—dly un we rep above pref lo

PREFERRED LOCALS. ELGIN WATCHES, WALTHAM WATCHES HOWARD WATCHES.

J. P. STEVENS & CO., Wholesale and Retail Jewelers, 34 Whitehall Street 48 mar4-dly OFFICE OF CRAIGE & CO.. 43 Whitehall Street. GEORGIA

"Domestic" Sewing Machine.

TO THE TRADE. so curtailed the supply of machines that the quota allowed to us will not permit of our taking additional orders for the next 60 days. We will be able to fill all orders now on file with but little delay, but we cannot do more than that until the rebuilding of the burned Shops.

O 0 mari3-tif CRAIGE & CO.

PERSONAL MENTION. -B. B. King, of Boston, is in the city.

-E. T. Craig, of Augusta, is in the city. -W. H. Dyer, of Montgomery, is in the -W. S. Wallace, of Butler, Ga., is in the

-John T. Little, of New York, is in the -E. F. Craig, of Augusta, is visiting the

-Mrs. and Miss Deupree, of Charlotte

-W. L. Clark, of Columbus, visited At -Charles F. Crisp, Georgia's youngest

judge, is visiting Atlanta.

—J. A. Baugh and W. H. Nix, of La-Grange, are visiting the city. -Charles F. Crisp and W. G. Prince Americus, are visiting the city. -Frank W. Paul, agent for Haverly juvenile Pinafore, is in the city. -Louis Garrard, of Columbus, is i

city attending the supreme court. -W. S. Wallace, of Butler, is in the city in attendance upon the supreme court.

—Mr. and Mrs Theo. Hall and Miss Nathalia Hall, of Detroit, Michigan, are visiting Atlanta.

Our Cotton Receipts.

ATLANTA, April 9.—Editors Constitution: Appended to this you will find a detailed statement of the cotton receipts of this city for the season commencing September I, 1879, up to April I, 1880, inclusive. For the remainder of the season, the data taken from the best attainable sources, I estimate ipts at 6 000 bales, making our total in round numbers 110,000 bales, owing an increase over last season of An analysis of the table shows that from

any one single source the wagons predomi-nate. The Atlanta and Charlotte leads all nate. The Atlanta and Charlotte leads all the railroads, with the Georgia close behind. The Atlanta and West Point and the Western and Atlantic run close together, while the Central, from which should come our heaviest receipts, brings up the rear with 11,417 bales. We have every reason to believe that under the tarif of rates fixed by our railroad commissioners, that our next cotton season will show the Central road far ahead of all other roads in bringing cotton to this market. Cotten receipts of the city from all sources from September 1, 1879, to April 1, 1880

32,734 16,431 16,048 13,990 13,457 11,417 SCALES.

SAM HOYLE.

His Deficit to the County.

The committee investigating the books of the late county tax collector made their report to the grand jury, and yesterday the grand jury stated in its general presentments that Mr. Hoyle was due the county grand jury stated in its general presentments that Mr. Hoyle was due the county \$16,124. The amount was much larger than was generally supposed, and the heaviest deficits were only recently discovered. The deficit in state taxes is about \$25,000, making the total defalcation about \$41,000. A full statement of this matter and its effect on the county will be found in the grand jury presentments, which will appear to-morrow in The Constitution.

Nothing further has been heard from the officers in California. It is supposed that they are still agitating their claims before the courts. The \$600 additional sent to them Thursday makes about \$1,500 the expedition has cost the state and county so far. The county has not paid more than \$500 of this sum.

Professor I. S. Hopkins, of Emory college, will deliver at the Girl's high school this morning at 10 o'clock a lecture on "The Methods of Pronunciation of Latin." He is a ripe scholar and a finished lecturer. The teachers of the schools and the pupils of the higher classes will attend this morning.

Last night the German club gave the second of its entertainments for the season at the residence of Mr. J. W. Culpepper, on Peachtree street. There was a fine representation of Atlanta's beauty and gallantry. The dances were delightful, and the German club scored its second success.

The reporter in his account of the repub-can county convention, got the Clarks nixed. It was Mr. W. L. Clark and not ir. Andrew Clark, who was bourced. The atter gentleman was not there. The editor a therefore substituted for the revenue

Mr. J. C. Kimball has just received a elect stock of elegant carriages, from the well known factories of Kimball brothers, d Boston, and will have them on sale at to. 45 Peachtree street to-day. They are

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

nent for Changing it From of the present week, a resolution was intro-luced by one of the members of the body saking that the committee upon the fire lepartment be instructed to inquire into the advisability of changing the system from a volunteer to a pay department and make a report at the next meeting; also at the same time to make a report as to the probable cost of running a pay department.

report as to the probable cost of running a pay department.

Yesterday we called upon John H. Mecaslin, president of Atlanta No. 1, for the purpose of getting his views upon the matter of instituting a change in the present system, Mr. Mecaslin has long been identified with the Atlanta fire department, having been a member since 1852, and is now the president of the senior fire company of our department. Mr. Mecaslin we found in his office, and upon being requested to do so, gave in his views. He commenced by saying that he believed that the property owners would have better protection with a pay department than with a volunteer one.

one. "I think," said he, "that for the same amount of money now expended for defraying the expenses of a volunteer department we can get a great deal more work, if the system was changed to a pay department. There seems to be a great lack of interest among the members of the several companies of the city and enthusiasm appears to be constantly on the decline."

"Are the firemen of Atlanta, as a general rule, property owners?"

rule, property owners?"
"No; I can't say that they are. Some of them are, but they, as a general thing, are exempt from duty, by being on the honorary list. The men who do the real hard orary list. The men who do the real hard work at fires are men who own no property, and consequently it cannot be expected that they will take a great deal of interest in saving property from the flames."
"Is there any change in the spirit of rivalry since steamers were introduced into

"Yes; I think that there is very little of that feeling now existing. When the boys pulled their hose carriages to fires they gen-erally had a good deal of pride about getting there first. By the institution of horse power to pull engines and hose-reels this spirit has

"About how many active members are now upon the rolls of the various companies of the city?"
"I think that there are about two hundred and fifty. A greater portion of this number are boys."
"Of this number what do you consider an average turnout of working men at

"Not over thirty-five can be counted on "Not over thirty-five can be counted on at a fire. Of course many more than this can be seen there, but they some how or other do not take hold. A good many do not show up until after the engines return to their houses when they come in and answer to roll-call so as to avoid being fined."

"Are these two hundred and fifty men that you speak of exempt from jury duty and street tax."

"Yes they are all exempt from both jury."

"Yes, they are all exempt from both jury

for the same period, so the advantage is morely in being exempt from jury duty."

"If a pay department is decided upon wash will it consist of?"

"Well, I should think two steam engines with their hose-reels, a hook and ladder company, and a few hose companies, such as will do volunteer duty, will about comprise the department."

"It is well known that there have been the foreits his pay. he department."

the department."

"How many men do you calculate will be a sufficient number with which to run the new system in a satisfactory manner?"

"Very few. For instance, a steamer with a hose-reel will need two drivers, one engineer, three men to handle the hose, one pipeman; these to be on duty at all hours of the day and night. In addition to these each company will need about five men who will have to report at fires and work like

It is well known that there have been great deficiencies in the returns of previous years, and it is my desire, if possible, to make the censons of north Georgia an exception in this respect, to which end I ask the earnest co-operation of north Georgians and especially of the enumerators that shall be appointed.

What the number of sub-divisions will be I cannot say until I obtain all the information necessary to making them accurate. each company will need about five men who will have to report at fires and work like those regularly employed, but who will be allowed to engage in other business when not at fires. These men can be easily procured at twenty dollars per month each—probably for less than that. There are now six steamers on duty in the city of Atlanta. With a pay department two steamers will be sufficient to do the work. All of the volunteer hose-reels will be run by hatd, and the engines, hosereels and the hook and ladder truck will be

pulled by horses."

"How do the members of the fire departseem to be strongly in favor of making the change, as they regard a pay department of much more benefit to the property-owners than a volunteer system. I think that by the proposed change great good will come. The whole management will have to be in the hands of a chief engineer, who will ap-point his assistants, and the head man will be made responsible for the efficiency of beentire department."

Mr. R. S. Jefferies.

The Atlanta correspondent of the Augusta News pays the following deserved compli-ment to an Atlanta lawyer: "Dick" Jefferies, as he is familiarly termed by his friends in Atlanta, is certermed by his friends in Atlanta, is certainly one of the most indefatigable and persistent workers in behalf of a client that ever came under my personal notice. When he was first employed in the case of Sam Hill, he insisted that a plea of insanity should be entered, but was overruled by the other counsel in the case, and when he interlarded the plea before the supreme court, when the case was appealed to that tribunal, he was overruled. Now, Mr. Jefferies, unaided by other counsel, determined to have aided by other counsel, determined to have Sam Hill tried upon a writ of insanity, and has successfully established his theory upon fair test before a jury composed of the most ntelligent, upright, honest and influential citizens of Atlanta. Mr. Jefferies is to be congratulated upon his success, and it es-ablishes him as one of the leading criminal

lawyers of Georgia. Military. The two batteries of the Fifth artillery, which left Atlanta in November to go to Fort Barancas, near Pensacola, will probably be sent to McPherson barracks by the first of May. Major Brinkley, commanding one of the batteries, was in Atlanta a few days since arranging for the return of the troops. It is feared that the fever will prevail on the coast after so mild a winter. ail on the coast after so mild a winter

Supreme Court of Georgia ATLANTA, GA., April 9.

FLINT CIRCUIT. FLINT CRECUIT.

No. 24. Ware et al. vs. Trustees of Emory College et al. J. H. Lumpkin; Pope Barrow; A. B. Simms, for plaintiffs in error. Clark & Pace; J. J. Floyd; H. T. McDaniel, for defendants.

Pending argument of Mr. McDaniel, court adjourned until 10 a. m. to-morrow. Fulton Superior Court.

ION. ALEXANDER M. SPEER, JUDGE OF THE FLINT CIRCUIT, PRESIDING. The superior court disposed of one case yesterday:
The State vs. Joe Jackson. Assault to kill. Verdict not guilty.
The court adjourned for the week.
Judge Hillyer will take up the civil dock-

A Verdict for the Plaintiff. Yesterday morning the case of Simms vs. hillips was concluded and a verdict ren-ered for the plaintiff. The case was on rial one week, with Hon. Marshall J. Clark trial one week, with Hon. Marshall J. Clark on the bench. During the trial, which was both long and interesting, the court-room held an attentive audience, who seemed to take a lively interest in all that transpired. The trial concluded in the city court-room, and the jury was composed of twelve men selected from a pauel of the grand jury. There may be a motion for a new trial made. Notice, however, has not yet been given.

"Children's Day." We saw on yesterday the full programme for the celebration of "children's day," May 1st, and we assure the children that a most delightful day is in store for them. The day will be ushered in by the ringing of all the bells in the city at sunrise. A grand procession with music and banners, a trip to Oglethorpe park, a splendid picnic dinner, and many other pleasant things make up a most enjoyable day. The programmes will be issued to-day, and will no doubt be read in all the Sunday-schools to-morrow.

Tadles' Tricerwear.

Night Dresses, Corset Covers, etc., etc.

SPRING CASSIMERES! Just opened a beautiful lot Imported Cassimeres, English, French & German Goods, for Gents' Spring Suits

MOURNING GOODS.

DEEP MOURNING AND HALF MOURNING DRESS GOODS EVER SHOWN IN TH'S MARKET.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.,

OUR NEW CENSUS.

the Atlanta District. EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Permit me, answer to the many questions that are road tax cases in which the state claime asked as to the number of enumerators, their territory, duties and compensation, to respond through your widely circulated Counties are to be subdivided into dis-

tricts containing not more than four thousand people, according to the census of 1870, each of their subdivisions constituting an enumerator's district; and no appointmental be made until the subdivisions are fined.

Enumerators must be appointed without any reference to their political preferences and associations. As I shall be sworn to obey this rule, which also seems to me an eminently proper one, I shall to the best of my ability, render strict obedience.

Each enumerator, after being confirmed by the superintendent of the census at Washington receives a commission from

Washington, receives a commission from the supervisor of his district, and takes an oath to perform his duties with fidelity. He is required to visit every dwelling in his subdivision, and there to ask the questions contained in the schedule furnished him and to make a record of the answers. Persons refusing or neglecting to answer

truly, according to their best information, are liable to a fine of one hundred dollars For compensation the enumerator r-ceives two (2) cents for each name recorded, two (2) cents for each death, ten (10) cents for each farm, and fifteen (15) cents for each industrial establishment. In sparsely settled or otherwise peculiarly difficult regions, not exceeding four For neglect or violation of duty the enumerator will be liable to a heavy fine, or to fine and imprisonment, according to the gravity of his offense.

the gravity of his offense.

Any person receiving a fee for securing a position for another as enumerator, will be held guilty of a misdemeanor, and become liable to a fine of not less than five hundred. "Yes, they are all exempt from both jury duty and the payment of street tax. As far as the street tax is concerned there is nothing to be gained by joining the fire companies as the dues each year of a memory amount to about the same as street tax.

Leach enumerator must begin his work on the first Monday of June, and complete it in cities of 10,000 or upwards within two (2) weeks, in other districts within three (3). for the same period, so the advantage is weeks. And each enumerator is

It is well known that there have been

mation necessary to making them accurately. But it will probably be between seventy-five and one hundred. While the number of applications received far ex-ceeds the larger of these two numbers, there is a deficiency from some counties, espe-cially desirable to be remedied in case of remote counties, as the time prescribed by law for completing the work of subdivision and appointment will soon expire. And any deficiency in the report of population any deficiency in the report of population will affect the ratio of north Georgia's reresentation in congress.

"How do the members of the fire department of Atlanta regard the change?"

"I think that a good majority of them favor it. Those whom I have conversed with seem to be strongly in favor of making the Haralson and Dawson, and two from Walk In a son and Dawson, and two from waiter, Gilmer and Catoosa.

In conclusion, while I shall aim, to the best of my judgment, aided by the advice of some of Georgia's most honored sons, to

of some of Georgia's most honored sons, to perform my sworn duty, and while I should be glad to appoint every good man who applies, (especially, if he needs the compensation,) and to secure him double pay, if possible, I must needs disappoint many, and in so doing, I ruefully anticipate the fate of a friend, who was unmoire at a babe. ate of a friend, who was umpire at a baby how, where, of course, every mother was confident that her darling was the best orightest and handsomest laby that ever found its way into this breathing world. He wrote to me that, by his decision, he had made one friend and forty-nine enemies. With best wishes for the continued prosperity of The Constitution, of Atlanta, and the United States,
H. P. GATCHELL.

The Everetts Last Night. Adair-sized and most intelligent audience was present at DeGive's last night to witness the first appearance of the Everett family in this city. To night will be the last appearance, and a special matinee for ladies and children will be given this afternoon at three cicles. noon at three o'clock. The house should

Haverly's Juvenile Pinafore. This little troupe will sail into Atlanta next week and remain with us for two nights, Friday and Saturday, the 16th and 17th. The press speak in the highest terms of this troupe, and it will certainly draw

MOBILE SPARKS. The Firemen-The Presence of the "Juke." MOBILE, ALA., April 9 .- The forty-second The Thirteenth infantry, now at Jackson barracks, New Orleans, will also probably spend the summer in Atlanta. They are expected here in May, and will probably occupy their former camping ground, near the end of Peachtree street. inniversary of the fire department was elebrated to-day by the usual parade. The treets were crowded with people, and the urnout was as creditable as those of former

years. There were five companies in line with their steamers and trucks richly adorned and a full complement of officers and men. The weather was perfect, and the display gave general satisfaction.

The steamer Mobile has not yet been able to leave for Liverpool. She is stuck on the leave for Liverpool. She is stuck on the ank in the river waiting for a tide. Two At 1 o'clock to-day General Grant arrived by a special train from New Orleans, and was received by a company of artillery, the Washington Blues, colored. There was no

public demonstration of any consequence. He is the guest of the cotton exchange, and was taken to Morass's club. He will be entertained by these gentlemen this evening and hold a reception at the United States court-room, and return to New Or leans to-night on a special train. The South American War

PANAMA, March 31.—The latest informa-tion from the seat of the Peru-Chilian war is to the effect that the Chilians had suffered a defeat at or near Moquegua. One report says the Peruvians, numbering 7,500 men, surprised the camp of the first division of the Chilian army in Moquegua, vision of the Chilian army in Moquegua, and after cutting one regiment to pieces drove the remainder out of town. Another report says the attacking force of the Peruvians was under the command of the Peruvian minister of war and locates the battle at Los Angeles. This report says one Peruvian regiment was nearly annihilated, and that the Chilians lost 1,300 killed besides the wounded and prisoners.

Panama, March 31.—A Star and Herald's Lima dispatch of March 17th says: "The

Lima dispatch of March 17th says: "The Huascar and Magallones suffered more in the affair of February 27th than was at first the affair of February 27th than was at first reported. The Huascar lost about twenty-five men killed and wounded, among the former her captain, Don Manuel Thompson, and two other officers. She was struck by shots from forts and the Monco Copac ten or twelve times, her mizzen being almost carried away. Her hull was pierced in sev-eral places. Some houses were knocked down in Arica, and several women and children killed by the Chilian bombard-ment; but General Montero, in anticipation ment; but General Montero, in anticipa of it, had removed the troops to the sur rounding hills."

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

Advices from the north coast of South America report that two Chilian cruisers recently appeared at Lobos, Guano island, and destroyed a'l the loading apparatus, launches and lighters found there and plundered the exte sive store of the English loading companies. Fifteen or twenty vessels which were taking in cargoes were obliged to suspend work. The cruisers then, without notice, proceeded to bombard the little town of Etin on the adjacent coast, and after perpetrating the most atrocious and wanton barbarities finally disappeared.

A Designation of the second of

THE RAILROAD SUITS. The Big Tax Cases Settled DECISIONS RENDERED APRIL 6, 1880 Yesterday Attorney-General Ely settled

from certain railroads taxes due for th vears from 1874 to 1879 inclusive. The Georgia railroad had previously pa \$14,000 as arrears of taxes. Yesterday th \$14,000 as arrears of taxes. Yesterday the suits against the Central and the Augusta and Savannah railroads were settled, the roads agreeing to pay a total of \$96,833 86. Of this amount \$86,750.41 was paid by the Central and \$10,083.45 by the Augusta and Savannah railroad.

It is thought that all the suits now bein prosecuted by the attorney-general against various railroads will net the state about a quarter of a million of dollars. Great credit is due Major Ely for the zeal with which he has represented the state's interest in these important matters. General Toombe's wise counsel and influence have also been invaluable.

some of the largest of the celebrated rail

also been invaluable. SIDEWALK NOTES.

-Moser's art reception to day. -Yesterday was sunny and breezy -The bootblack is a boy of sidewal -Who is to be the memorial aretor th

-The candidate now scents the -The cotton factory is now getting spinningly. -The man with the sugar-loafer hat stil squeals upon the square.

-The dungeon cells of the station-hous are sadly in need of repair. -The Air-Line train made Atlanta from —It is estimated that Atlanta has about one hundred and fifty miles of streets. -The Georgia stock and fair associatio will soon commence to show its colors. -Several new brick yards will be opene up for business in Atlanta the present year —A good many people think that two cap-tains of the police force is a sufficient num-

-Make way for the Cincinnati excursion sionists. They will be here the coming week. -The policeman who sings, "Ah! I have

-Atlanta has five well managed liver stables, all of them doing a good paying -The grand jury read some pretty heav

-Atlanta needs an intelligence office. Life is too short to hunt up housemaids and cooks. -Green Holland, the keeper of Oakland cemetery, is getting the grounds in excel--Zack Taylor sold a pair of horses to Mr.

Jordan, of Macon, a few days since, for sev en hundred dollars. -The meetings at St. Paul's church ar still going on. Services are held both morning and evening. -The ladies' memorial association have

-Newspaper editors are packing their valises preparatory to taking a trip to Atlanta the coming week. arnest, and new structures a all of the wards of the city. -The bouquet which falls at the feet

the amateur is frequently a beautiful evi dence of parental devotion. -Sporting news from all sections of th country is eagerly sought after by a number of the citizens of Atlanta. -Very nearly all of the white men nov confined in jail are connected with cases to be tried in the United States courts, -Tom B. Warner who, we learn, wil now make his headquarters in Augusta, was in the city yesterday en route for -The demand for a public market is

he people fear that one will never be built n Atlanta. -Frank W. Paye, agent of Haverly's juvenile opera company, is in the city arranging for the early appearance of his company at the opera house

—"When is Asa Gunn's trial to come off?" is a question frequently asked, and which we are unable to answer, as no one seems to know. -We are told that the bridge across the Western and Atlantic railroad track at the main entrance of the fair grounds is greatly in need of repair. -If Speer's brass band bill was to becom law, about three thousand citizens of At-anta would be out of employment every

unday afternoon. -The Young Men's Christian associat convention meets at Savannah about the middle of the month. Atlanta will send lown a good many delegates. There is a tide in the affairs of women which taken at the flood leads on to matri-mony—omitted all the balance of their

ives are passed with kittens on the ragge —Judge Speer has done a good week's work for Judge Hillyer, and has transferred from the jail of Fulton county to the peni tentiary service of the state about a dozen criminals.

—If we are to have a paid fire department, it looks as though the inauguration of the new system should be celebrated by the institution in Atlanta of a system of ire alarm telegraph. —Some of the criminal cases of the su-perior court, where the defendants are out on bond, will be taken up next week. Among them, we learn, will be the cele-brated West End cowhiding case.

—It is suggested that it would be a good idea to rip up all of the plank flooring in the depot and put down a cement floor of sufficient thickness and strength to stand any kind of abuse that may be visited

The roof of the new public school-house in the third ward has been completed, and the inside work is now being looked after. It is predicted that the building of June.

—Mr. David Dougherty will give

—Mr. David Dougherty will give a forty-dollar gold watch to the fireman who runs two hundred yards and turn, water from a plug in the shortest time at the fire contest in May. The David Dougherty badge will be popular.

—Lieutenant Vodges, of the Fifth artillery, leaves to-day for New York. He will go from there to Fortress Monroe, where he will remain for some time to perfect himself in the art of war. He will be fully prepared to handle Furgersoh at the King's Mountain centennial.

Mountain centennial.

—Mr. N. P. Hotchkiss, formerly auditor of the Western and Atlantic railroad, is in the city on a visit. He is now residing in Kansas, and says he is well pleased with the state. He is arranging his Georgia business so as to make a permanent home in the west. He will remain here about two -The Rev. A. J. Levy, of Cincinnati, for

thirty years past a missionary to the Jews in this country, and himself a converted lew, will preach to morrow night in the First Presbyterian church at the usual our of service, on the "Obligation of bristians to the Jews." The latter are in-

Christians to the Jews." The latter are invited to attend.

—Captain Vincent Lockhart, of Hall county, is one of the Georgia veterans. He represented Lincoln county in the legislature in 1833; was for Troup and the treaty; was an old line whig; yoted in the legislature for the charter of the Georgia railroad and the State railroad. He has fived in Hall county for many years, and a few days since he was at Lula at the hotel of Mr. J. H. Banks, to take the train for his first trip. He has owned ten shares of Georgia railroad stock ever since the road has been built, and has been a subscriber to the Augusta Weekly Chronicle for fifty years. The old man is now 86 years of age, and, like Moses, his eye is not dimmed, nor has his strength failed.

1. A plea to a suit on a foreign judg ment which appertains wholly to matters occurring anterior to such judgment, and which, with the exemplification of the crember of the original action, was properly dismissed on demourer; especially where the facts pleaded would have constituted no defense.

2. Since May 1790, the records and judicial proceedings of the curts of any of the states are admitted in any other court within the United States by the attestation of the clerk and the seal of the certificate of the judge that the attestation is in due form.

3. The verdict is contrary to law in being for seventy-four dollars and eighty cents more than is authorized by the exemplifi-

THE SUPREME COURT

Hon. Hiram Warner, Chief-Justice, Hons. Jam Jackson and Martin J. Crawford Associate Jas-tices—Reported Expressly for The Consti-tation by Jackson & Lumpkin. Eskridge vs. Barrow. Complaint, from Spalding.

WARNER, C. J. 1. There was no mi harge of the court in this case. 2. The verdict was not contrary to law the evidence.
Judgment affirmed.
Hunt & Johnson, for plaintiff in error.
Stewart & Hall; Boynton & Dismuke, for

Fuller vs. Arnold et ux. Certiorari, from

WARNER, C. J. 1. Where a motion to dismiss a certiorar was made and overruled, but no order was entered on the minutes, and at a subsequent term the same ground was again urged on a new motion to dismiss, there was no error in allowing the order to be entered nunc pro tunc and holding that ground to be res djudicata, no exception having been taken o the ruling at the time when it was made. 2. It is not necessary to attach to a peti tion for certiorari a certificate of the magistrate that costs have been paid and secu-rity given, before the sanction of the judge

can be obtained. can be obtained.

3. Before a writ of certiorari can be legally issued by the clerk of the superior court, there must be filed in his office, within three months from the decision, both the petition, sanctioned by the judge, and also a certificate of the mag-istrate that all costs have been paid and bond and security given, or pauper affidavit in lieu thereof. Whe the magistrate did not sign such certificate within three months decision, the certiorari should have been dismissed.

Judgment reversed. S. D. Irvin, by Jas. H. Walker, for plain-J. A. Hunt, for defendants.

Persoll et al. vs. Scott, administrator. Equity, from Rockdale. WARNER, C. J. Where a father advanced to his son "wool carder" of the value of one thousand dollars, and afterwards took possession of it and used it, he thereby became the debt or of his son, and the statute of limitation; would run as well against such claim a against any other debt. If the claim for the use of the property was barred before the death of the father, it would not be a proper deduction from the advancement in

Judgment affirmed.
J. N. Glenn, for plaintiffs in error.
A. B. Simms, for defendant.

Ellis vs. U. S. Fertilizing and Chemical C Complaint, from Spelding. JACKSON, J.

settlement of his estate.

1. That a verdict for the plaintiff is too small is not good ground of exception by

2. Where a father and son lived together only a few days more to work in. The 26th is not very far distant.

Newspaper editors are packing their the latter cultivating a part of the former's land and attending to the entire farm, and the son went with his father's wagons and ralises preparatory to taking a trip to At-anta the coming week.

—The building season has commenced in sarrant and new structures are coincided in the coming week. contract. The effect which it would have on the father would depend on proof of the agency of the son.

3. Where one of two parties must suffer

by reason of the fraudulent conduct of a third, he who places it in the power of the latter to perpetrate such fraud, must lose atter to perpetrate such fraud, must lose rather than the other.

4. Where a son obtained guano on a credit by fraudulent representations that he was purchasing for himself and father jointly, and on discovery of the fraud, the agent of the vendor demanded a return of the guano, and was referred to the father, who acred to take it and use it if a speciwho agreed to take it and use it if a speci fied deduction should be made in the price which was assented to, he thereby became

liable as an original contractor. 5. The verdict is supported by the evi-Judgment affirmed.

S. C. McDaniel, for plaintiff in error.

D. N. Martin; Stewart & Hall, for de

Ga. R. R. Co. vs. Cox. Case, from Newton JACKSON, J.

Where the evidence as to the diligence Where the evidence as to the diligence used by the employes of a railroad was conflicting, the presumption of negligence being in all cases against the company, and the jury find for the plaintiff, and the presiding judge is satisfied with the verdict, this court will not interiere.

Judgment affirmed.

Clark & Pace, for plaintiff in error.

J. J. Floyd; E. T. Edwards, for defendant.

Black vs. Peters. Appeal, from Rockdale JACKSON, J.

The county court of Rockdale-county being governed by the same law in respect to appeals as justice courts, an appeal therein must be entered within four days from the decision. It is not sufficient that it be within four days from the adjournment of the court at which the decision was rendered.

Judgment reversed.

A. A. Zachery; A. M. Helms, for plaintiff in error. MACKSON J.

A. C. McCalla, for defendant. Rosser vs. Cheney. Ejectment and equity, from Rockdale.

JACKSON, J. JACKSON, J.

1. Where an action of ejectment has been brought and a bill is filed by defendant therein to enjoin the ejectment case, the court cannot, over the objections of either party, order the common law and equity cases to be tried together.

2. Although the court, exceed in ordering cases to be tried together.

2. Although the court erred in ordering the two cases to be tried together, yet, under the previous rulings of this court, the verdict could not be other than it was, and the judgment is affirmed.

J. J. Floyd; J. C. Barton, for plaintiff in

Clark & Pace, for defendant,

Scott vs. Taylor. Equity, from Rockdale. CRAWFORD, J.

1. A bill filed by a sister against a brother to compel the conveyance to her of certain property, the title to which had been taken in him under a purchase made by her, to secure the payment of the notes for the purchase money which had been given by him, and upon a verbal agreement to convey to her for life with remainder to her children, on the payment by her of said notes, which payment she alleged had been made, is not a proceeding to change the deed to the brother from a fee simple to a conditional title. Evidence of such agreement and payment was admissible, without infringing the rule that it is not competent fringing the rule that it is not competent to engraft an express trust upon a written deed by parol proof.

2 The verdict for the complainant is sup-

orted by the evidence, except in a small natter of calculation, which is ordered cor-ected. Judgment affirmed with directions. Clark and Pace; G. W. Gleaston, for plain J. J. Floyd, for defendant.

McAllister vs. The Singer Manufacturing Company. Complaint, from Rockdale. CRA WFORD, J. CRAWFORD, J.

1. A plea to a suit on a foreign judg ment which appertains wholly to matters occuring anterior to such judgment, and which, with the exemplification of the which, with the exemplification of the control of the supplication of the supplication of the supplication.

donof the record of the foreign judgment; eversal must therefore be had unless Wurzburg's Bazar, J. N. Glenn; A. M. Helms, for plaintiff in Clark & Pace, for defendant.

CRAWFORD, J.

1. Where the court has jurisdiction of the person and the subject matter of the litigation, and the parties in open court enter into an agreement in relation thereto, which is recorded upon the minutes and approved by the judge, it is binding upon the parties. The more especially is this so when four days elapse before a verdict, which is the subject matter of the agreement, is taken without objection, and one of the parties has received a benefit un-

verdict, which is the subjection, and one of the parties has received a benefit under the agreement.

2. Where a question of law arising under a given state of facts is submitted to the judge for his decision, the statement to him of what the fac s are upon which he is to decide the law cannot be error.

3. Where counsel make statements in their place, they may be received without verification, unless the same is required by the opposing party at the time.

Judgment affirmed.

Hunt & Johnson, for plaintiffs in error.

Stewart & Hall, for defendant.

The Approaching Gubernatorial Can

Editor Morning News—The approaching gubernatorial election is beginning to attract the attention of the people of Georgia. Thoughtful and patriotic men are considering who of our distinguished and capable leaders shall be called to fill the executive

chair.

Careful inquiry and recent interviews with leaders of public sentiment in the different parts of the state, show that there is great diversity of opinion and preference in the different sections. While Governor is great diversity of opinion and preference in the different sections. While Governor Colquitt has warm personal friends and political supporters—who advocate his renomination—in almost every section, there is an aspirant who is "worthy and well qualified," whose ability and popularity commend him to the support of his friends and to favorable consideration by the voters of the entire state, who will contest the nomination with him. There is a strong and growing conviction that four years of service as governor is long enough for any one man, however popular and capable; that he has long enough enjoyed the highest honor of the state to fill the measure of a reasonable ambition, and that after so long a continuous service the people have made as great demands upon his time and services as in justice to his private affairs and interests should be claimed by them or conceded by him. Again, it is thought that one who has been for four years governor cannot but have for four years governor cannot but have placed himself on some questions in antagonism to those whose hearty and efficient support is essential to the complete triumph the party in the coming canvass.

readily occurs to every one familiar with the political situation in this state that there have been antagonisms between the governor and the legislature which might ot prove to be entirely reconciled should te be our standard-bearer again. Certain cts of his which have provoked the criticism of many good democrats and have been passed upon adversely by a majority of the party, cannot be kept out of the can-vass if he is the nominee. His patriot-ism, his integrity, his purity of purpose none of us question. All of us would de-fend him, but there is a wide spread conviction that a campaign under his leader ship would be a defensive instead of an aggressive one, with some parts of the line no division, no lukewarmness. Many whare his personal friends who supported him before, who would rejoice in his prefer-ment again, believe that in the great state and national contest which is impending, under another leader our unity, our enthu siasm, our success will be more certain and complete. In northwestern Georgia, John W. H Underwood, of Floyd, has admirers and supporters who will present him as a candidate before the convention. In northeastern Georgia, H. P. Bell, of For-syth, is strong and popular. None who know him question his ability, his integrity, his purity, and his hold upon the hearts of his section. They will present him to their brethren of the democratic party as one whom every true democrat could cheerful-ly and proudly support. E. J. Gartrell, of Fulton, Thomas Hardeman, of Bibb, and Hiram Warner, of Meriwethertinguished and good men—will have warm friends and active supporters in the con-vention. In addition to these gentlemen, there is another who will go before the con-vention as the favorite of a large number

all parts of the state. Rufus E. L. of Chatham, the president of senate, will have the senate, will have the solid support of the first senatorial and con-gressional districts, besides that of many of the representatives of the people from the Tennessee to the Florida line, and from the Chattahoochee to the Savannah river. His friends are united, enthusiastic and confident. His popularity with the masses, his spotless personal and public record, his power to harmonize and unify the party, his ability and his experience point to him as the coming man, as the one to whom none can object, upon whom all can unite, under whose hence every true democratic. under whose banner every true democrat can rally, with whom as our leader we may feel assured of an overwhelming vic-tory, followed by an administration of our state affairs, wise, economical and eminently satisfactory to the people. He comes from a section of the state which has not had a rovernor for more than half a century, not since the day of the great George M. Troup, but which has stood true and steadfast to the party and to the best interest of every

part of the state. That he will be the nex governor of Georgia is the hope of thou sands of her sons, who will work to accom plish it, not only to honor a noble, true, brave, steadfast democrat, but to promote the best interest of the state. BRYAN. Marine News. Marine News.

New York, April 9.—Arrived: Acapulio, Rhyland, Santiago De Cuba, Augustus Lombard, Morgan City, Gate City and Adam Bowlby. Arrived out: Hebe, Washington, Elis, Southern, Mary, Louise, Bolivia, Greece. Homeward: Alta, Orleans, Gordon, Bull River and Lena.

London, April 9.—The British steamer Dania has been sunk by a collision on theriver Danube. Eleven passengers and five of the crew were drowned.

Special dispatch to The Contitution.

Captain Harris, of the steamer Pennsylvania, reports that on the 5th inst., lati-

sylvania, reports that on the 5th inst., lati-tude 45 north, longitude 36 west, he passed the Norwegian bark Wassenaar, abandoned, in flames and totally dismasted. The Wassenaar sailed from Pensacola January 31st for Grangemouth under command of Captain Hauer.

The British Electors. Special dispatch to The Constitution. LONDON, April 8 —The returns from par-LONDON, April 8—The returns from par-liamentary elections to-day, thus far re-ceived, show the election of 16 liberals and 12 conservatives, a liberal gain of 12 seats. A dispatch from Dublin to the press as-sociation, says: Mr. Charles S. Parnell will sit for Cork city in the next house. It is stated that the Right Honorable Colonel Taylor, conservative, who has been

is stated that the Right Honorable Colonel Taylor, conservative, who has been reelected from Rublin county, will be raised to the peerage, and that Sir A. B Guinness, who stood for Dublin city, will be the conservative candidate, and The O'Conor Don, who stood for Roscommon. liberal, candidate for the vacancy thus caused in Dublin county. Among the liberals elected to-day was the marquis of Hartington for Lancashire northeast. He had already been returned for the Radnorburgs.

Seven Hours Fight.

San Antonio, Tex., April 9—Intelli-gence from Chihuahua, Mexico, reports seven hours fight between the herders and Indians. Two on each side were killed in-cluding an Indian chief

To the Consamplive.-Let those who or even those who are in decided Consumption, by no means despair. There is a safe and sure remedy at hand, and one easily tried. "Wilbor's Compound of Cod-Liver Oil and Lime." without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the Oil as heretofore used, is endowed by the Phosphate of Limes with a healing property which renders the Oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be shown. Sold by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

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